# **STONEFIELD**

# **STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT**

PROPOSED RETAIL BUILDING BLOCK 2203, PROPOSED LOT 14.03 1823 US ROUTE 206 SOUTHAMPTON TOWNSHIP BURLINGTON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

**P**REPARED FOR:

SOUTHAMPTON DG, LLC

**PREPARED BY:** 

STONEFIELD ENGINEERING & DESIGN, LLC AUGUST 11<sup>™</sup> 2020 Z-19159

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# **I.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

Southampton DG, LLC is proposing the construction of a 9,245 SF one-story Dollar General Retail Building. The subject property is designated Block 2203, Lot 14, commonly known as 1283 US Route 206 and bounded by US Route 206 at the front of the property and Red Lion Road (County Route #641) at the rear of the property. The development parcel will be subdivided and referred to as Lot 14.03 The site is under the jurisdiction of Southampton Township within the Highway Commercial (HC) Zone.

The total project area (Lot 14.03) is 135,709 SF (3.11 acres), the total area of new impervious surfaces is 39,914 SF (0.92 acres), and the total area of disturbance is 141,979 SF (3.26 acres). Project Figures can be found in Appendix A of this Report.

This Stormwater Management Report has been prepared to analyze the potential stormwater runoff impacts of the proposed project and discuss the measures proposed to conform to the stormwater management requirements set forth by Southampton Township, Burlington County Soil Conservation District, and the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP).

# 2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The project site is currently largely undeveloped with consisting of grass, gravel and wooded areas. The southern portion of the site consists of a mixture of grass and some trees and the northern portion of the site consists of a grass and gravel mix. Access to the site is provide via a gravel access road that runs from US Route 206 at the front of the site to Red Lion Road (County Route 641) at the rear of the site.

### 2.1 EXISTING DRAINAGE AREAS

Under existing conditions, the site is comprised of 2 drainage areas.

Under pre-development conditions the site consists of 0.00% (0 SF) of impervious surfaces along with a mixture of gravel and grass areas and is comprised of two (2) drainage areas that convey stormwater to two (2) Points of Interests along US Route 206 and Red Lion Road (County Road 641). The site generally slopes from west to east towards US Route 206 with a high point towards the rear of the site that directs runoff to either US Route 206 or Red Lion Road (County Route 614). The site is previously undeveloped and with a mixture of grass and gravel areas.

Drainage Area	Description	Area Extents (SF)	Impervious Area (SF)	Time of Concentration (Min)
EI	Drainage to US Route 206	107,281 SF	0 SF	15.3
E2	Drainage to Red Lion Road	28,248 SF	0 SF	18.8

### **TABLE I: EXISTING DRAINAGE AREAS**

\* The minimum time of concentration was utilized. Refer to Section 4.0 for more information regarding design parameters.

Detailed information regarding each drainage area can be found on the Existing Drainage Area Map in Appendix E of this Report.

# 2.2 **PROJECT SOILS**

Per the National Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) data, the soil underlying the project site consists of:

### **TABLE 2: NRCS PROJECT SOILS**

Soil Unit Code	Soil Description	Approximate Project Coverage	Hydrologic Soil Group
GahB	Galloway Sand, 0% to 5% Slopes	38.3%	А
JdrA	Jade Run fine sandy loam, 0% to 5% Slopes	61.7%	B/D

The hydraulic soil group classifications from the JZN Stormwater Management Investigation Report in Appendix D have been utilized in the landcover data for the stormwater analysis performed on the site based on the NJ Stormwater BPM Manual.

# 3.0 PROPOSED CONDITIONS

Under the proposed development plan the majority of the existing site will be cleared/disturbed to accommodate the 9,245 SF Dollar General Retail Building with associated walkways and parking facilities. Site access is proposed via a Full Movement driveway along US Route 206. Additional improvements include lighting, utilities, and landscaping. All features within the limit of disturbance are proposed to be demolished.

### 3.1 PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREAS

Under proposed conditions the site is comprised of 5 drainage areas.

Under proposed drainage conditions, the site is comprised of five (5) drainage areas which convey stormwater runoff to the two (2) Points of Interest along US Route 206 and Red Lion Road (County 614). The proposed uncovered parking area of the site will sheet flow to curb line which gets captured via multiple curb cuts that conveys the runoff via stone swales into the above ground infiltration basin located in the western portion of the site that will overflow into the above ground detention basin. The roof leader drainage and undetained drainage to Route 206 discharge directly to the ROW system. The remainder of the site will be captured in the above ground detention basin. The conveyance system will consist of 6" roof leaders that connect directly to the 12" HDPE outlet pipe and stone swales. The above ground detention basin will consist of an outlet structure with one (1) 12" HDPE pipe that ultimately discharge runoff into the existing drainage ditch along the NJDOT ROW. An emergency overflow spillway was included in the detention basin in the event run-off volume exceeds the capacity of the basin in an emergency situation. A small portion of pervious area at the rear of site will sheet flow undetained to Red Lion Road with remainder discharging to the drainage ditch along US Route 206 either via the 12" HDPE pipe from the above ground basin or via sheet flow undetained.

Drainage Area	Description	Area Extents (SF)	Impervious Area (SF)	Time of Concentration (Min)
PI-A	Drainage to US Route 206	106,313 SF	39,914 SF	10.0
PI-B	Drainage to Infiltration Basin	36,840 SF	26,230 SF	10.0
PI-C	Undetained Drainage to US Route 206	34,376 SF	2,366 SF	10.0
PI-D	Roof Leader Drainage to US Route 206	9,265 SF	9,265 SF	10.0
P2	Undetained Drainage to Red Lion Road	4,468 SF	0 SF	10.0

#### **TABLE 3: PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREAS**

\* The minimum time of concentration was utilized. Refer to Section 4.0 for more information regarding design parameters.

Detailed information regarding each drainage area can be found on the Proposed Drainage Area Map in Appendix E of this Report.

# 4.0 ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY & DESIGN PARAMETERS

### 4.1 HYDROLOGIC & HYDRAULIC ANALYSES

The existing and proposed drainage areas have been analyzed utilizing a modified version of the NRCS SCS TR-20 method. The analysis program "HydroCAD" Version 9.10 by HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC was used to calculate and plot the runoff hydrographs. The program incorporates the time of concentration, CN values, 24 hour rainfall events, and project drainage areas to calculate the runoff characteristics. Key variables utilized include the SCS Unit Hydrograph, a minimum time of concentration of 10 minutes, separate runoff calculations for impervious and pervious areas, and dynamic storage and conveyance routing to account for any variable tailwater conditions.

Stormwater conveyance for closed conduits has been analyzed utilizing the Rational Method for runoff generation and the Standard Step Method for pipe flow. The analysis program "HydraFlow Storm Sewers" Version 2012 by Autodesk calculates a hydraulic grade line through the proposed conveyance system based on various pipe and junction losses and runoff tributary to each inlet or discharge structure. Key variables utilized include a minimum time of concentration of 10 minutes, IDF curve data obtained from the NJDEP, and drainage structure geometry based on standard NJDOT drainage structure.

# 4.2 New Jersey Stormwater Design Parameters

The project is proposing to disturb 3.26 acres of land. Per the applicable stormwater standards, the project is classified as a Major Development and is subject to stormwater quantity and groundwater recharge regulations. Additionally, the project will add 0.92 acres of new impervious areas and will thus be subject to stormwater quality regulations.

Design Parameters	Design Intent For Compliance
	Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that for stormwater leaving the site, post-construction runoff hydrographs for the 2, 10, and 100 year storm events do not exceed, at any point in time, the pre-construction runoff hydrographs for the same storm events.
Stormwater Quantity	Design stormwater management measures so that the post-construction peak runoff rates for the 2, 10, and 100 year storm events are 50%, 75%, and 80%, respectively, of the pre-construction peak runoff rates. The percentages apply only to the post- construction stormwater runoff that is attributable to the portion of the site on which the proposed development or project is to be constructed.
Groundwater Recharge	Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the site and its stormwater management measure maintain 100% of the average annual pre- construction groundwater recharge volume for the site
	Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the increase of stormwater runoff volume from pre-construction to post-construction for the two-year storm is infiltrated.
Stormwater Quality	Stormwater management measures shall be designed to reduce the post- construction load of total suspended solids (TSS) in stormwater runoff generated from the water quality storm by 80% of the anticipated load from the developed site, expressed as an annual average

# **TABLE 4:** PROJECT STORMWATER DESIGN INTENT SUMMARY TABLE

### 4.3 SUBSURFACE STORMWATER INVESTIGATION

A subsurface stormwater investigation was conducted by JZN Engineering on March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2020. A total of 5 tests were performed in compliance with the soil testing standards outlined within Appendix E of the NJDEP Best Management Practices (BMP) Manual. All proposed stormwater facilities meet or exceed the minimum separation depth from seasonal high groundwater. The full investigation report and testing results can be found in Appendix D of this Report.

Based on the testing results a design infiltration rate of 0.5 inches per hour was utilized in the design of above ground infiltration basin.

# 5.0 PROJECT ANALYSIS RESULTS

# 5.1 STORMWATER QUANTITY CONTROL

Runoff is controlled through the implementation of aboveground detention basin B-1, above ground infiltration basin B-2 and outlet structure OS-1. To analyze runoff quantities between the existing and proposed drainage areas, 2 points of interest were selected:

# **TABLE 5:** QUANTITY COMPARISON POINTS OF INTEREST

Point of Interest	Area Description	Existing Tributary Drainage Areas	Proposed Tributary Drainage Areas
POI - I	Drainage to US Route 206	EI	PI-A, PI-B, PI-C, PI-D
POI - 2	Drainage To Red Lion Road	E2	P2

The following tables summarize the results for the 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm events for each project point of interest:

# TABLE 6: PEAK DISCHARGE TO US ROUTE 206 EXISTING CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

Storm Event	Pre-Development Peak Discharge	Reduction Required	Post-Development Peak Discharge	Reduction Achieved
2-Year	3.90 CFS	50.0%	I.88 CFS	51.8%
10-Year	7.52 CFS	25.0%	3.85 CFS	48.8%
100-Year	14.96 CFS	20.0%	8.92 CFS	40.4%

# TABLE 7: PEAK DISCHARGE TO RED LION ROAD EXISTING CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

Storm Event	Pre-Development Peak Discharge	Reduction Required	Post-Development Peak Discharge	Reduction Achieved
2-Year	0.73 CFS	50.0%	0.20 CFS	72.6%
10-Year	I.56 CFS	25.0%	0.43 CFS	72.4%
100-Year	3.33 CFS	20.0%	0.87 CFS	73.9%

As shown in the tables above, peak stormwater discharge rates are reduced by at least the required amount for each storm event. Project hydrographs and more detailed data can be found in Appendix C of this Report.

# 5.2 **GROUNDWATER RECHARGE**

Assuming the undetained runoff condition, 1,503 CF of additional runoff is generated on site. The incorporation of the proposed aboveground infiltration basin reduces the overall site runoff below preconstruction conditions. via infiltration as outlined in the table below.

### **TABLE 8: TWO-YEAR STORM EVENT RUNOFF VOLUMES**

Point of Interest	Pre-Construction Runoff Volume	Post-Construction Runoff Volume (Undetained)	Post-Construction Runoff Volume (After BMPs)	Difference In Volume
POI - I	14,836 CF	18,998 CF	14,258 CF	4,730 CF
POI - 2	3,127 CF	468 CF	N/A	N/A
Total Site	17,963 CF	19,466 CF	14,258 CF	5,208 CF

# 5.3 STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL

The stormwater BMPs proposed on site when incorporated into a runoff treatment train meet the total suspended solids removal (TSS) removal requirements as certified by the NJDEP BMP Manual.

### **TABLE 9: STORMWATER BMP TSS REMOVAL EFFICIENCIES**

Stormwater BMP Facility	NJDEP Certified Removal Efficiency	Treatment Train Removal Efficiency
Aboveground Infiltration Basin	80%	80%

### 5.4 STORMWATER CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS

The stormwater conveyance system has been sized for the 25-year storm and is able to safely convey runoff to stormwater management facilities without overflowing.

### 5.5 Soil Erosion & Sediment Control

A Soil Erosion & Sediment Control Plan has been prepared in accordance with the latest edition of the Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey. Proposed temporary measures during construction include silt fencing, stabilized construction entrances, and cover for soil stabilization. Permanent post-construction measures include conduit outlet projection, native vegetation, and rip-rap lining. No land disturbance will occur until a permit has been obtained from the Burlington County Soil Conservation District.

### 5.6 STORMWATER OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE

A Stormwater Operations & Maintenance Manual will be submitted for approval to the Township of Southampton prior to the start construction. Any required easements or covenants associated with the stormwater improvements will be recorded prior to the start of construction.

### 6.0 CONCLUSIONS

The proposed project complies with all applicable stormwater management regulations and standards. As such, the project is not anticipated to have any adverse impacts or neighboring properties, downstream watercourses, or conveyance systems within the watershed. The implementation on the aboveground detention basin B-1, aboveground infiltration basin B-2 and outlet structure OS-1 along with conveyance system including 6" HDPE roof leaders that connect to a series of stone swales and 12" discharge pipe ensure that the NDJEP requirements of reduction, recharge and water quality standards are satisfied. The implementation of the previously detailed Stormwater Management BMP's reduce the amount of runoff discharged to the DOT and County systems along US Route 206 and Red Lion Road (County Route #614) respectively. The proposed project complies with all applicable stormwater management regulations and standards. As such, the project is not anticipated to have any adverse impacts or neighboring properties, downstream watercourses, or conveyance systems within the watershed.

# **APPENDIX A PROJECT FIGURES**

**INVENTORY** 

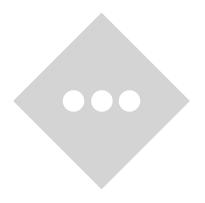
AERIAL MAP

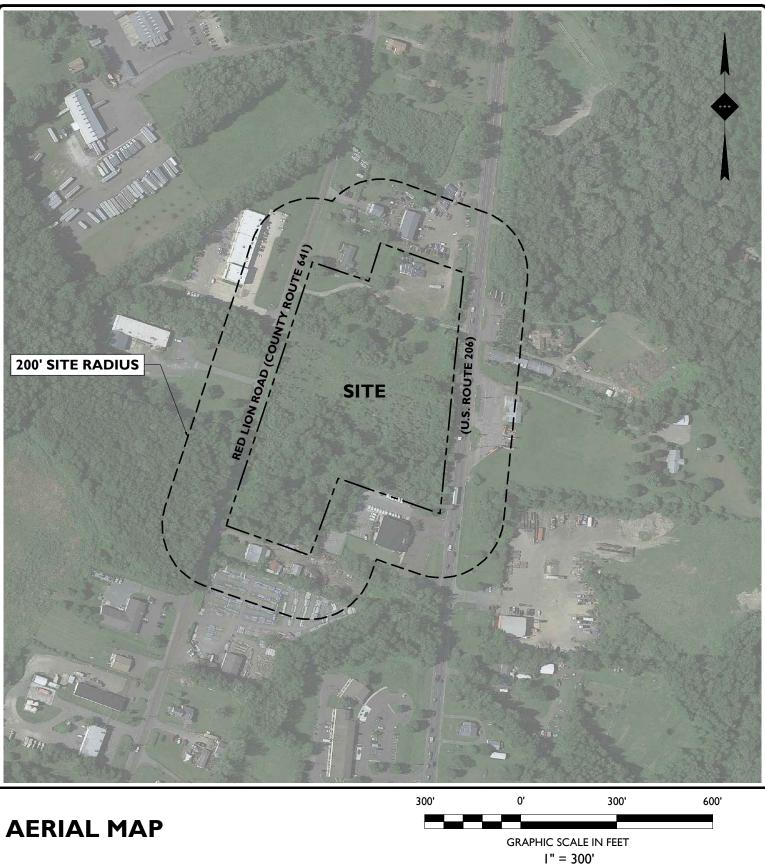
**USGS MAP** 

ΤΑΧ ΜΑΡ

FEMA FLOOD RATE MAP

NJ GEOWEB WETLANDS MAP





SOURCE: GOOGLE EARTH PRO RETRIEVED 08/20/2019	DRAWN BY:

# PROPOSED DOLLAR GENERAL

BLOCK 2203, LOT 14 1823 ROUTE 206 TOWNSHIP OF SOUTHAMPTON BURLINGTON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

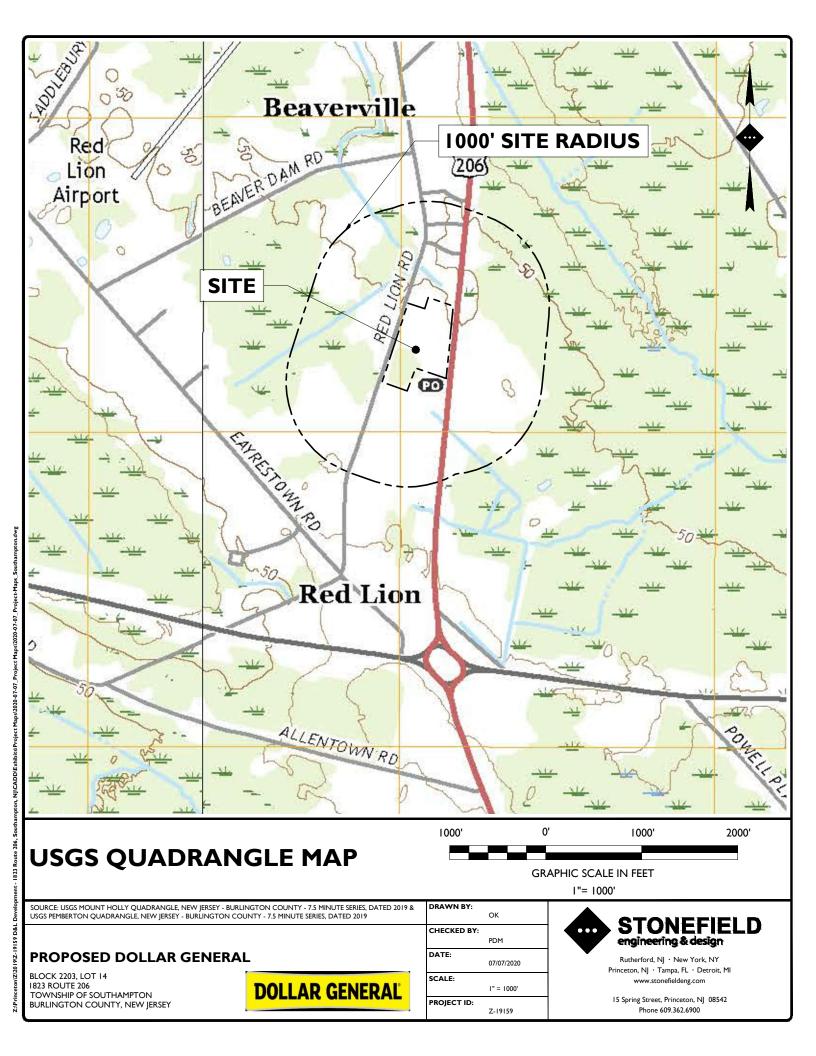


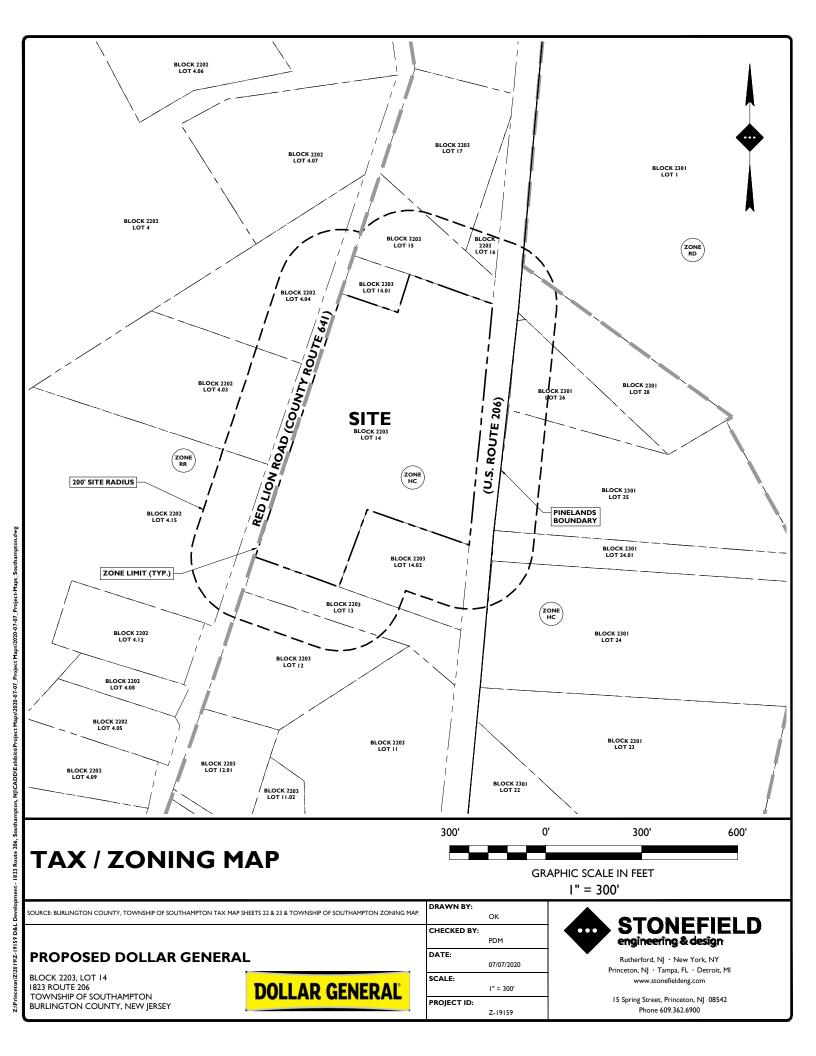
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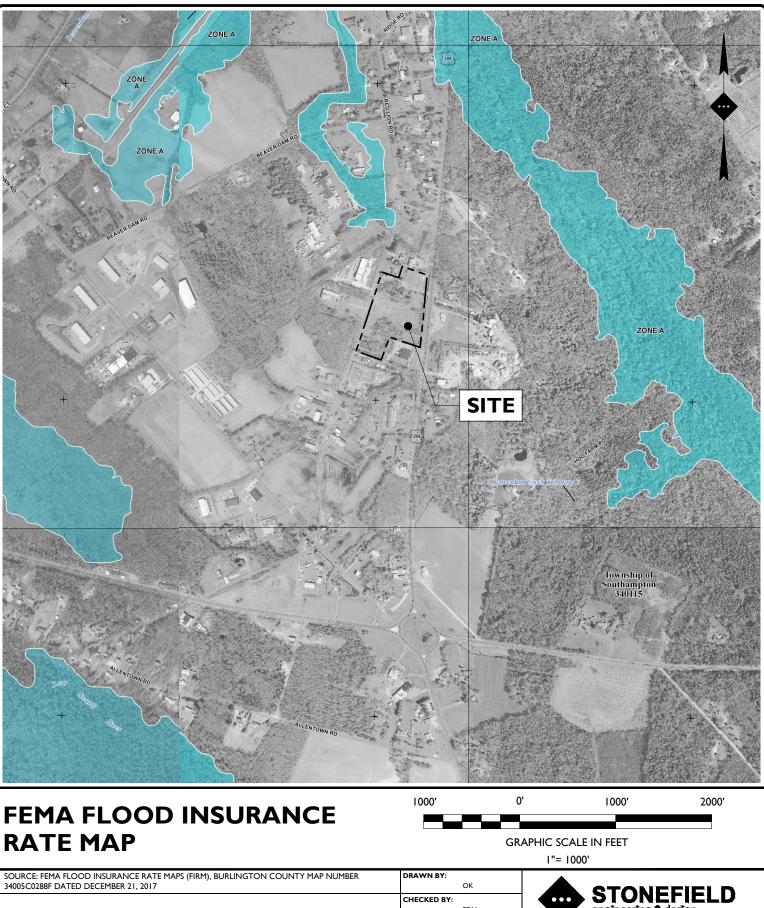


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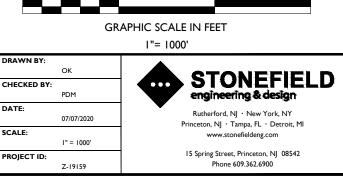


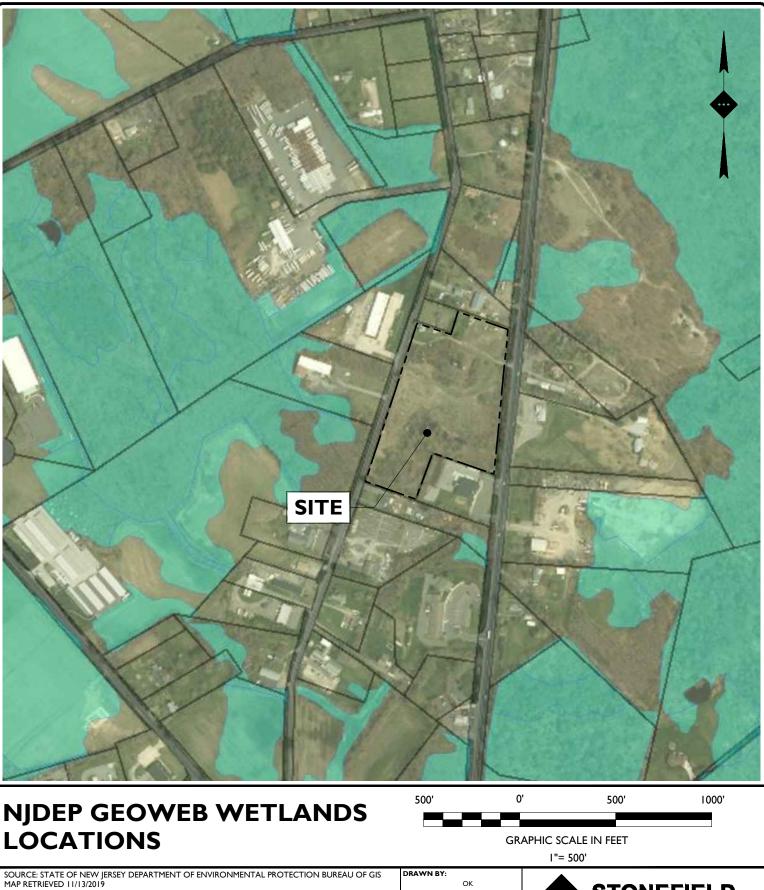


# **PROPOSED DOLLAR GENERAL**

BLOCK 2203, LOT 14 1823 ROUTE 206 TOWNSHIP OF SOUTHAMPTON BURLINGTON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY



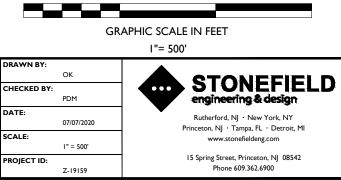




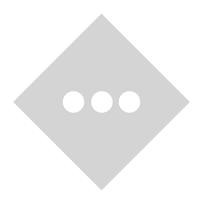
PROPOSED DOLLAR GENERAL

BLOCK 2203, LOT 14 1823 ROUTE 206 TOWNSHIP OF SOUTHAMPTON BURLINGTON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY





# APPENDIX B NRCS COUNTY SOIL SURVEY





United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants Custom Soil Resource Report for Burlington County, New Jersey



# Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2\_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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# **How Soil Surveys Are Made**

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

# Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

### Custom Soil Resource Report Soil Map



	MAP LEGEND			MAP INFORMATION	
Area of Inte		W	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at	
	Area of Interest (AOI)	٥	Stony Spot	1:24,000.	
Soils	Soil Map Unit Polygons	Ø	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.	
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	\$	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause	
	Soil Map Unit Points	$\triangle$	Other	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil	
_	Special Point Features		Special Line Features	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed	
o	Blowout	Water Fea		scale.	
×	Borrow Pit	$\sim$	Streams and Canals		
×	Clay Spot	Transport	ation Rails	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.	
0	Closed Depression		Interstate Highways	measurements.	
×	Gravel Pit	~	US Routes	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:	
00	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)	
Ø	Landfill	-	Local Roads	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
A.	Lava Flow	Backgrou	nd	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts	
عليه	Marsh or swamp		Aerial Photography	distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more	
~	Mine or Quarry			accurate calculations of distance or area are required.	
0	Miscellaneous Water			This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified da	
0	Perennial Water			of the version date(s) listed below.	
$\sim$	Rock Outcrop			Soil Survey Area: Burlington County, New Jersey	
+	Saline Spot			Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 16, 2019	
÷.	Sandy Spot			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales	
-	Severely Eroded Spot			1:50,000 or larger.	
0	Sinkhole			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 14, 2015—Apr 2,	
à	Slide or Slip			2017	
ø	Sodic Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.	

# **Map Unit Legend**

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
GahB	hB Galloway sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes		38.3%
JdrA	Jade Run fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	8.3	61.7%
Totals for Area of Interest		13.5	100.0%

# **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

# **Burlington County, New Jersey**

# GahB—Galloway sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: rf1t Elevation: 20 to 150 feet Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 59 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 161 to 231 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

### **Map Unit Composition**

Galloway and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

### **Description of Galloway**

### Setting

Landform: Dunes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Unconsolidated sandy marine deposits

### **Typical profile**

*Ap* - 0 to 10 inches: sand *AC* - 10 to 20 inches: sand *C1* - 20 to 32 inches: sand *C2* - 32 to 60 inches: sand

### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Moderately well drained
Runoff class: Very low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (6.00 to 20.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 18 to 42 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.4 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w Hydrologic Soil Group: A Hydric soil rating: No

### **Minor Components**

#### Lakewood

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Knolls, flats Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

#### Lakehurst

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Flats, depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: No

#### Atsion

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

### JdrA—Jade Run fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: rf2j Elevation: 0 to 150 feet Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 59 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 161 to 231 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance, if drained

### Map Unit Composition

Jade run and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### Description of Jade Run

### Setting

Landform: Flats, depressions Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Parent material: Loamy eolian deposits and/or loamy fluviomarine deposits

#### **Typical profile**

Ap - 0 to 11 inches: fine sandy loam Bg1 - 11 to 19 inches: very fine sandy loam Bg2 - 19 to 23 inches: very fine sandy loam Bg3 - 23 to 28 inches: very fine sandy loam Bg4 - 28 to 35 inches: very fine sandy loam BCg - 35 to 52 inches: very fine sandy loam 2Cg - 52 to 65 inches: sand 2C - 65 to 80 inches: sand

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Poorly drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 6.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 to 12 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.5 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### **Minor Components**

#### Deptford

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Flats Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

### Mullica

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Flood plains, drainageways, depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

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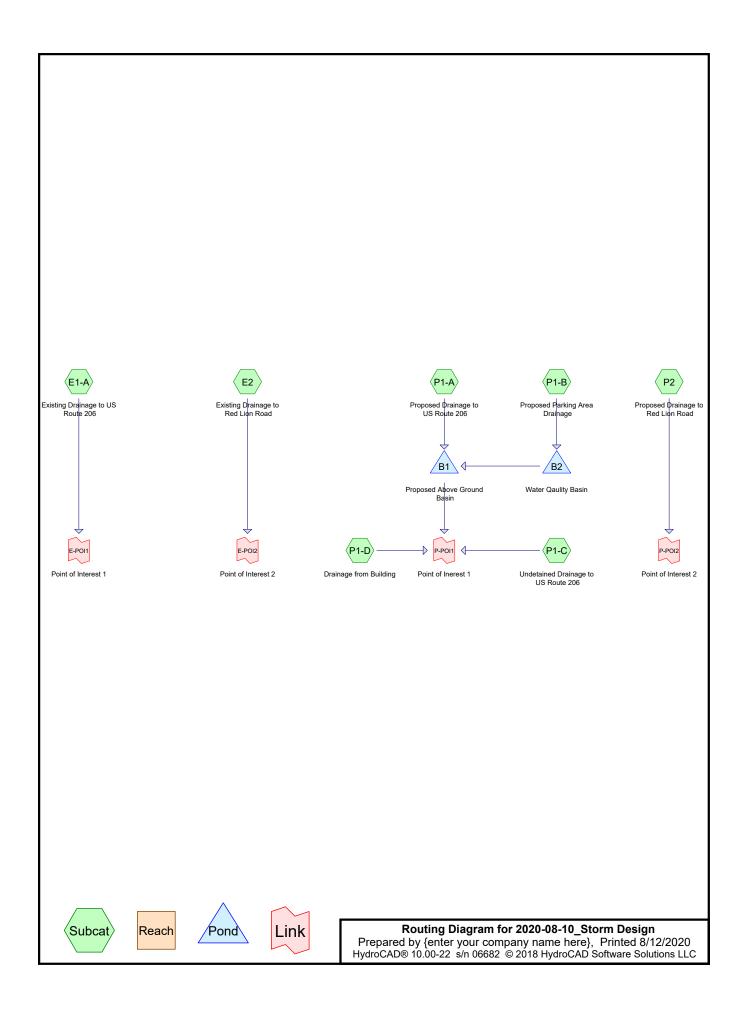
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# **APPENDIX C** DESIGN CALCULATIONS & DIAGRAMS

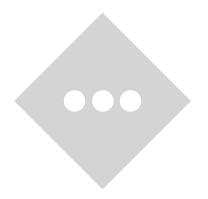


# APPENDIX C-I HydroCAD Routing Diagram





# **APPENDIX C-2** 2-YEAR STORM EVENT HYDROGRAPHS



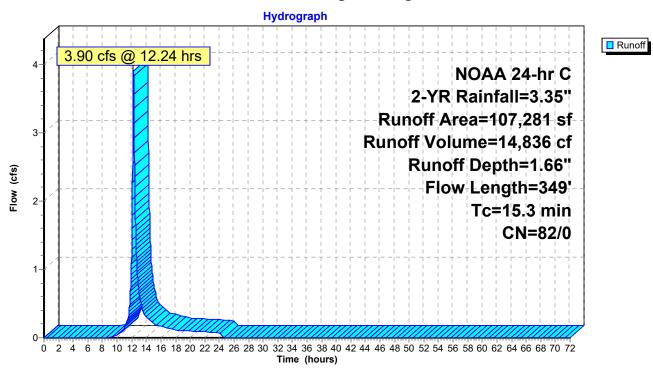
### Summary for Subcatchment E1-A: Existing Drainage to US Route 206

Runoff = 3.90 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 14,836 cf, Depth= 1.66"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 2-YR Rainfall=3.35"

Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
	52,064	86 ·	86 <50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG C					
	2,709	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C				
	5,596	76	Woods/gras	s comb., F	air, HSG C			
	12,324		<50% Gras					
	2,062		Gravel surfa					
	15,342				ood, HSG D			
	17,184	82	Woods/gras	ss comb., F	air, HSG D			
	07,281	82	Weighted A	verage				
	07,281	82	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	а			
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)		(cfs)				
6.2	55	0.0180	0.15		Sheet Flow, A-B			
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"			
4.9	45	0.0220	0.15		Sheet Flow, B-C			
~ ~ ~	~~~				Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"			
2.0	89	0.0110	0.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D			
1.0	0.4	0.0400	0.00		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
1.2	64	0.0160	0.89		Shallow Concentrated Flow, D-E			
0.2	25	0.0400	1 40		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
0.3	25	0.0400	1.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, F-G			
0.7	71	0.0140	1.77		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
0.7	7 1	0.0140	1.77		Shallow Concentrated Flow, G-H Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
15.3	3/0	Total			0123500 Waterway IN- 10.0 lp3			

15.3 349 Total



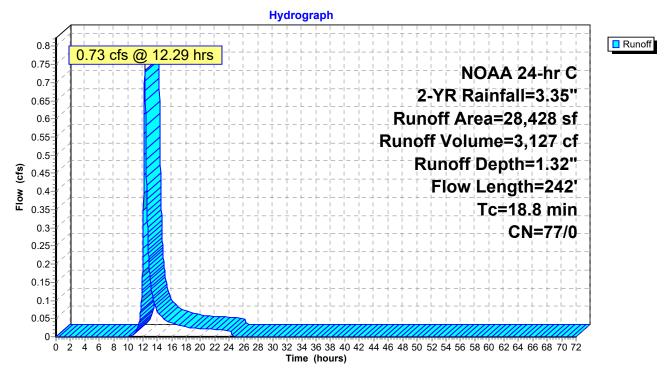
### Subcatchment E1-A: Existing Drainage to US Route 206

### Summary for Subcatchment E2: Existing Drainage to Red Lion Road

Runoff = 0.73 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 3,127 cf, Depth= 1.32"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 2-YR Rainfall=3.35"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
	8,966	80 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D
	1,621			ace, HSG D	
	17,586				ood, HSG C
	255	96 (	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C	
	28,428		Veighted A		
	28,428	77 ´	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	а
_		~		<b>•</b> •	<b>—</b> • • •
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.3	28	0.0070	0.09		Sheet Flow, Segment A-B
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"
9.4	72	0.0110	0.13		Sheet Flow, Segment B-C
. –					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"
2.7	62	0.0030	0.38		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Segment C-D
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.2	49	0.0100	0.70		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Segment D-E
0.0	0.4	0 0 4 0 0	0.57		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.2	31	0.0160	2.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Segment E-F
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
18.8	242	Total			



### Subcatchment E2: Existing Drainage to Red Lion Road

### Summary for Subcatchment P1-A: Proposed Drainage to US Route 206

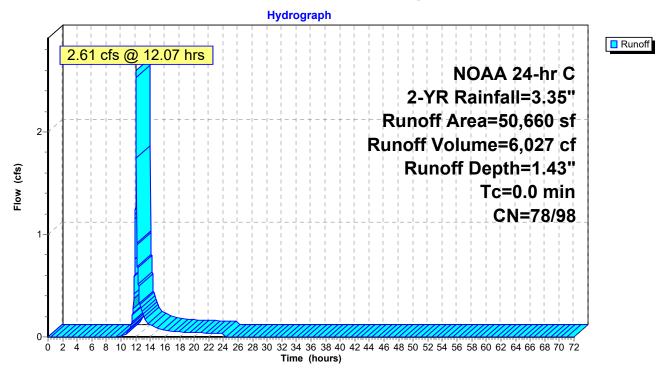
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff = 2.61 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 6,027 cf, Depth= 1.43"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 2-YR Rainfall=3.35"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
20,130	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
29,261	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
1,269	98	Paved parking, HSG A
50,660	78	Weighted Average
49,391	78	97.50% Pervious Area
1,269	98	2.50% Impervious Area

### Subcatchment P1-A: Proposed Drainage to US Route 206



### Summary for Subcatchment P1-B: Proposed Parking Area Drainage

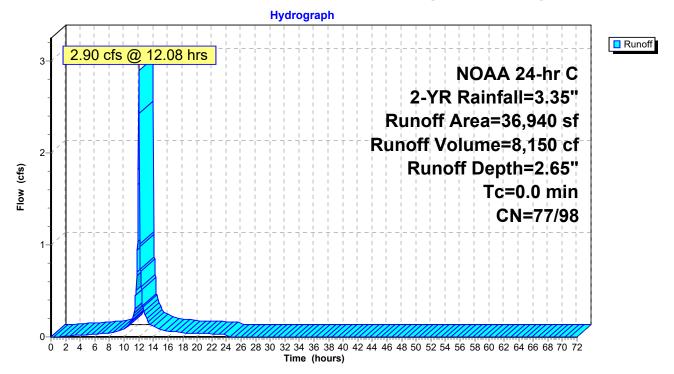
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff = 2.90 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 8,150 cf, Depth= 2.65"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 2-YR Rainfall=3.35"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
27,292	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,390	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
4,258	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
36,940	93	Weighted Average
9,648	77	26.12% Pervious Area
27,292	98	73.88% Impervious Area

### Subcatchment P1-B: Proposed Parking Area Drainage



### Summary for Subcatchment P1-C: Undetained Drainage to US Route 206

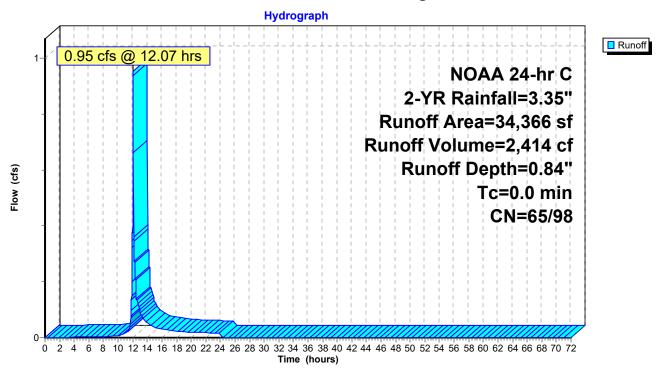
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff = 0.95 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 2,414 cf, Depth= 0.84"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 2-YR Rainfall=3.35"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
19,537	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
8,752	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
3,711	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
2,366	98	Paved parking, HSG A
34,366	67	Weighted Average
32,000	65	93.12% Pervious Area
2,366	98	6.88% Impervious Area

### Subcatchment P1-C: Undetained Drainage to US Route 206



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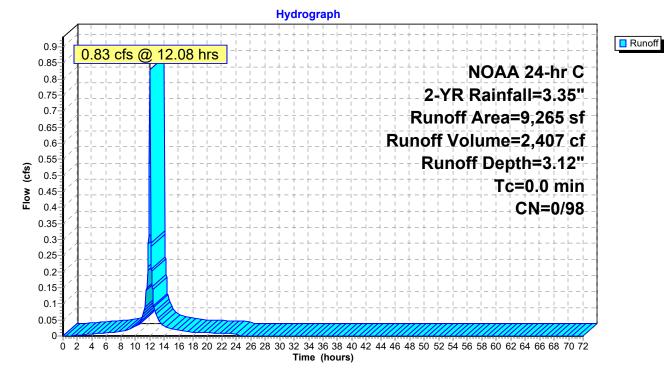
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff 0.83 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2,407 cf, Depth= 3.12" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 2-YR Rainfall=3.35"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
9,265	98	Roofs, HSG A
9,265	98	100.00% Impervious Area

### Subcatchment P1-D: Drainage from Building



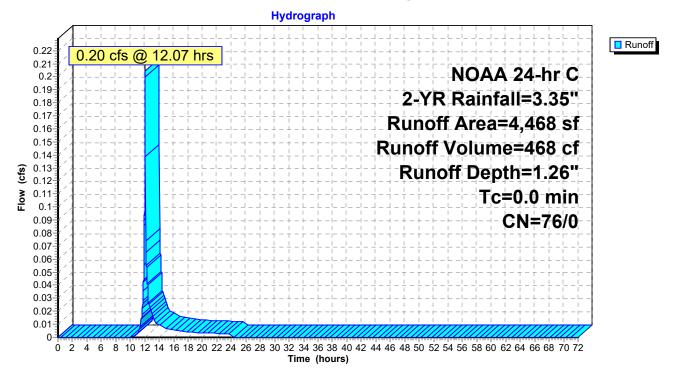
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff 0.20 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 468 cf, Depth= 1.26" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 2-YR Rainfall=3.35"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,678	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
 2,790	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
4,468	76	Weighted Average
4,468	76	100.00% Pervious Area

### Subcatchment P2: Proposed Drainage to Red Lion Road



### Summary for Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin

Inflow Area	a =	87,600 sf, 32.60% Impervious, Ir	nflow Depth = 1.41" for 2-YR event
Inflow	=	5.24 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	10,328 cf
Outflow	=	0.12 cfs @ 15.10 hrs, Volume=	9,437 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 181.5 min
Primary	=	0.12 cfs @ 15.10 hrs, Volume=	9,437 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 49.88' @ 15.10 hrs Surf.Area= 19,489 sf Storage= 7,295 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 854.7 min calculated for 9,435 cf (91% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 814.7 min (1,625.4 - 810.6)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail	.Storage	Storage Descriptio	n		
#1	49.5	50' 5	53,832 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular)Listed	d below (Recalc)	
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
49.5		18,607	765.0	0	0	18,607	
50.0		19,762	775.0	9,591	9,591	19,892	
50.8	50	20,931	784.0	10,172	19,763	21,074	
51.0	00	22,115	794.0	10,760	30,523	22,390	
52.0	00	24,524	812.0	23,309	53,832	24,827	
Device	Routing	Inv	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	49.	L= 1 Inlet	<b>" Round Culvert</b> 80.0' RCP, square / Outlet Invert= 49.5 .013 Corrugated PE	50'/47.00' S=0.0		
#2 #3 #4	Device 1 Device 1 Device 1		50' <b>3.0"</b> 30' <b>24.0</b> 00' <b>48.0</b>	<b>3.0" Vert. 3" orifice</b> C= 0.600 <b>24.0" W x 6.0" H Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 <b>48.0" x 48.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads			

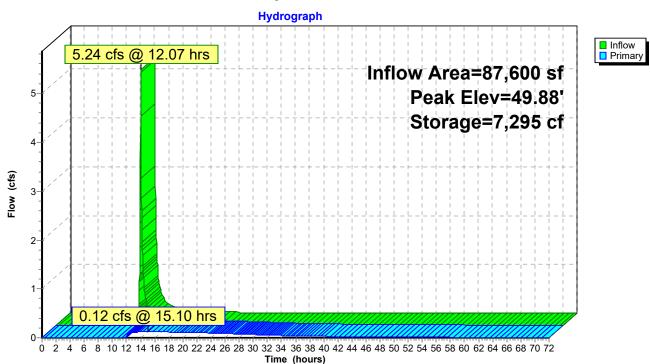
Primary OutFlow Max=0.12 cfs @ 15.10 hrs HW=49.88' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

**-1=Culvert** (Passes 0.12 cfs of 0.58 cfs potential flow)

**2=3" orifice** (Orifice Controls 0.12 cfs @ 2.45 fps)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)



### Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin

### Summary for Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin

Inflow Area =	36,940 sf, 73.88% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.65" for 2-YR event
Inflow =	2.90 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	8,150 cf
Outflow =	2.69 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	8,151 cf, Atten= 7%, Lag= 0.1 min
Discarded =	0.04 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	3,851 cf
Primary =	2.65 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	4,300 cf

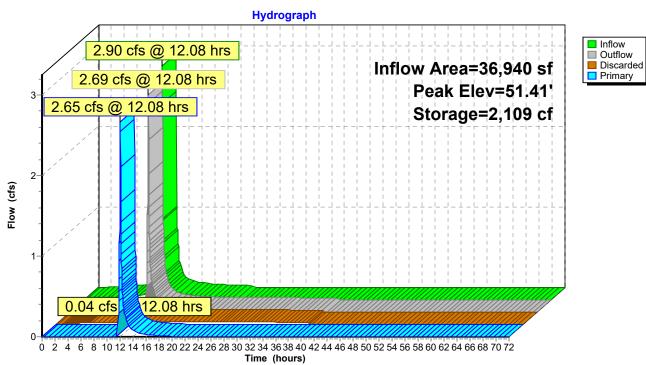
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 51.41' @ 12.08 hrs Surf.Area= 2,559 sf Storage= 2,109 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 238.4 min ( 1,002.0 - 763.6 )

Volume	Inve	rt Avail	.Storage	Storage Descriptio	n	
#1	50.50	כ'	5,237 cf	Custom Stage Da	<b>ita (Irregular)</b> Listed	below (Recalc)
Elevatio	on S	Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area
(fee		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)
50.5		2,067	171.0	0	0	2,067
51.0	00	2,331	181.0	1,099	1,099	2,361
52.0	00	2,902	200.0	2,611	3,710	2,967
52.5	50	3,207	209.0	1,527	5,237	3,278
Device	Routing	Inv	vert Outle	et Devices		
#1	Primary	51.	20' <b>10.0</b>	' long x 1.0' bread	th Broad-Crested I	Rectangular Weir
			Head	d (feet) 0.20 0.40	0.60 0.80 1.00 1.2	20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50	3.00		
			Coet	f. (English) 2.69 2.	72 2.75 2.85 2.98	3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31
			3.30	3.31 3.32		
#2	Discardeo	d 50.	50' <b>0.50</b>	0 in/hr Exfiltration	over Wetted area	
			Con	ductivity to Groundw	vater Elevation = 47	.00'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.04 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=51.41' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.04 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=2.65 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=51.41' TW=49.67' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 2.65 cfs @ 1.24 fps)

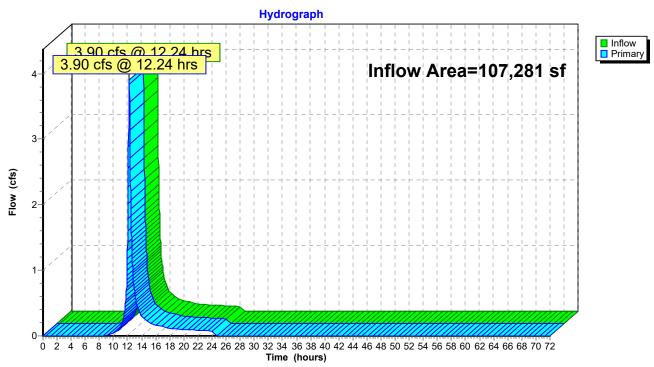


### Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin

### Summary for Link E-POI1: Point of Interest 1

Inflow Area	a =	107,281 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.66	6" for 2-YR event
Inflow	=	3.90 cfs @ 1	12.24 hrs, Volume=	14,836 cf	
Primary	=	3.90 cfs @ 1	12.24 hrs, Volume=	14,836 cf, At	tten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs



### Link E-POI1: Point of Interest 1

### Summary for Link E-POI2: Point of Interest 2

Inflow Are	a =	28,428 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.32"	for 2-YR event
Inflow	=	0.73 cfs @ 1	12.29 hrs, Volume=	3,127 cf	
Primary	=	0.73 cfs @ 1	12.29 hrs, Volume=	3,127 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

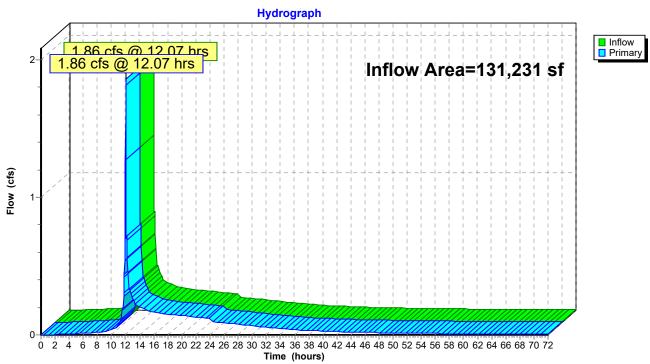
### Hydrograph Inflow Primary 0.73 cfs @ 12.29 hrs 0.73 cfs @ 12.29 hrs 0.8 Inflow Area=28,428 sf 0.75 0.7 0.65 0.6 0.55 0.5 (\$) 0.45 **NOIL** 0.35 0.3 0.25 0.2 0.15 0.1 0.05 0 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 Time (hours)

### Link E-POI2: Point of Interest 2

### Summary for Link P-POI1: Point of Inerest 1

Inflow Area	a =	131,231 sf, 30.63% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.30	for 2-YR event
Inflow	=	1.86 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 14,258 cf	
Primary	=	1.86 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 14,258 cf, At	ten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs



### Link P-POI1: Point of Inerest 1

### Summary for Link P-POI2: Point of Interest 2

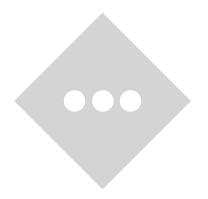
Inflow Area =		4,468 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.26"	for 2-YR event
Inflow	=	0.20 cfs @ 1	12.07 hrs, Volume=	468 cf	
Primary	=	0.20 cfs @ 1	12.07 hrs, Volume=	468 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

#### Hydrograph Inflow Primary 0.20 cfs @ 12.07 hrs 0.22 0.20 cfs @ 12.07 hrs Inflow Area=4,468 sf 0.21 0.2 0.19 0.18-0.17 0.16 0.15 0.14 (**g**) 0.13 0.13 Flow 0.11 0.1 0.09 0.08 0.07 0.06 0.05 0.04 0.03 0.02 0.01 0 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 Time (hours)

### Link P-POI2: Point of Interest 2

# **APPENDIX C-3 I 0-YEAR STORM EVENT HYDROGRAPHS**



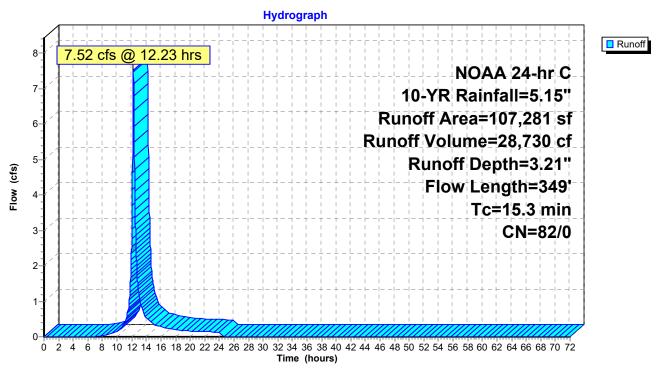
### Summary for Subcatchment E1-A: Existing Drainage to US Route 206

Runoff = 7.52 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 28,730 cf, Depth= 3.21"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 10-YR Rainfall=5.15"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description		
	52,064	86	<50% Gras	s cover, Po	bor, HSG C
	2,709	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG (	
	5,596	76	Woods/gras	s comb., F	air, HSG C
	12,324		<50% Gras	,	
	2,062		Gravel surfa	,	
	15,342				bod, HSG D
	17,184	82	Woods/gras	ss comb., F	air, HSG D
	107,281	82	Weighted A	verage	
	107,281	82	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Тс	0	Slope			Description
(min		(ft/ft)		(cfs)	
6.2	2 55	0.0180	0.15		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"
4.9	9 45	0.0220	0.15		Sheet Flow, B-C
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"
2.0	) 89	0.0110	0.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.2	2 64	0.0160	0.89		Shallow Concentrated Flow, D-E
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.3	3 25	0.0400	1.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, F-G
<u> </u>	<b>.</b> .	0.04.40	4		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.7	7 71	0.0140	1.77		Shallow Concentrated Flow, G-H
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
15 3	2/0	Total			

15.3 349 Total



### Subcatchment E1-A: Existing Drainage to US Route 206

### Summary for Subcatchment E2: Existing Drainage to Red Lion Road

Runoff = 1.56 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 6,512 cf, Depth= 2.75"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 10-YR Rainfall=5.15"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description					
	8,966	80 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D					
	1,621	96 (	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	)			
	17,586				ood, HSG C			
	255	96 (	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C				
	28,428		Neighted A	0				
	28,428	77 ´	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	а			
-				0				
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
5.3	28	0.0070	0.09		Sheet Flow, Segment A-B			
• •					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"			
9.4	72	0.0110	0.13		Sheet Flow, Segment B-C			
07	00	0 0000	0.00		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"			
2.7	62	0.0030	0.38		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Segment C-D			
4.0	40	0.0400	0.70		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
1.2	49	0.0100	0.70		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Segment D-E			
0.0	04	0.0400	0.57		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
0.2	31	0.0160	2.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Segment E-F			
		<b>-</b>			Paved Kv= 20.3 fps			
18.8	242	Total						

#### (g) 0 (g

### Subcatchment E2: Existing Drainage to Red Lion Road

### Summary for Subcatchment P1-A: Proposed Drainage to US Route 206

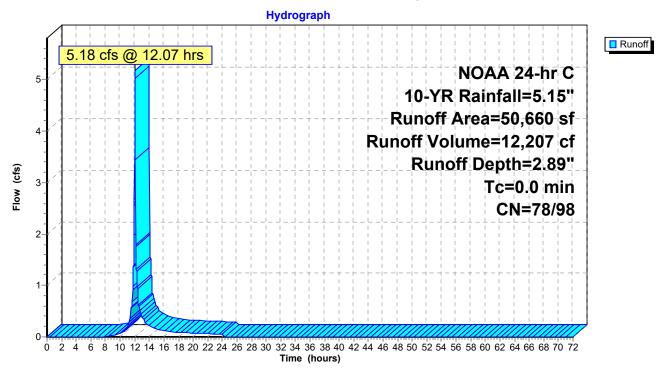
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff = 5.18 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 12,207 cf, Depth= 2.89"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 10-YR Rainfall=5.15"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description	
 20,130	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C	
29,261	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D	
 1,269	98	Paved parking, HSG A	
50,660	78	Weighted Average	
49,391	78	97.50% Pervious Area	
1,269	98	2.50% Impervious Area	

### Subcatchment P1-A: Proposed Drainage to US Route 206



### Summary for Subcatchment P1-B: Proposed Parking Area Drainage

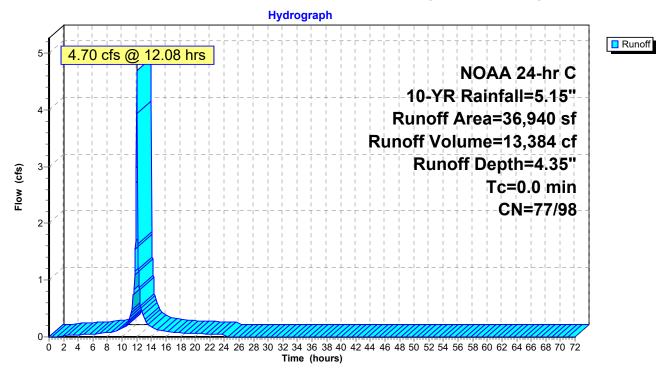
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

4.70 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 13,384 cf, Depth= 4.35" Runoff =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 10-YR Rainfall=5.15"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
27,292	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,390	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
4,258	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
36,940	93	Weighted Average
9,648	77	26.12% Pervious Area
27,292	98	73.88% Impervious Area

### Subcatchment P1-B: Proposed Parking Area Drainage



### Summary for Subcatchment P1-C: Undetained Drainage to US Route 206

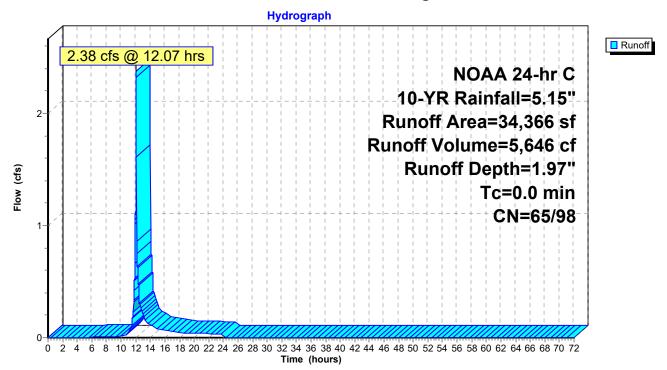
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff = 2.38 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 5,646 cf, Depth= 1.97"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 10-YR Rainfall=5.15"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
19,537	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
8,752	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
3,711	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
2,366	98	Paved parking, HSG A
34,366	67	Weighted Average
32,000	65	93.12% Pervious Area
2,366	98	6.88% Impervious Area

### Subcatchment P1-C: Undetained Drainage to US Route 206



### Summary for Subcatchment P1-D: Drainage from Building

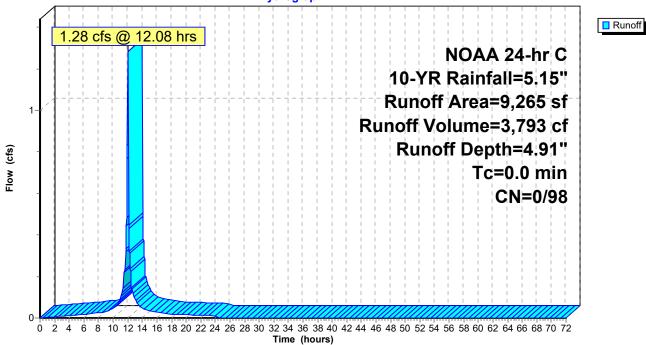
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff 1.28 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 3,793 cf, Depth= 4.91" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 10-YR Rainfall=5.15"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description	
9,265	98	Roofs, HSG A	
9,265	98	100.00% Impervious Area	

### Subcatchment P1-D: Drainage from Building



#### Hydrograph

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Printed 8/12/2020

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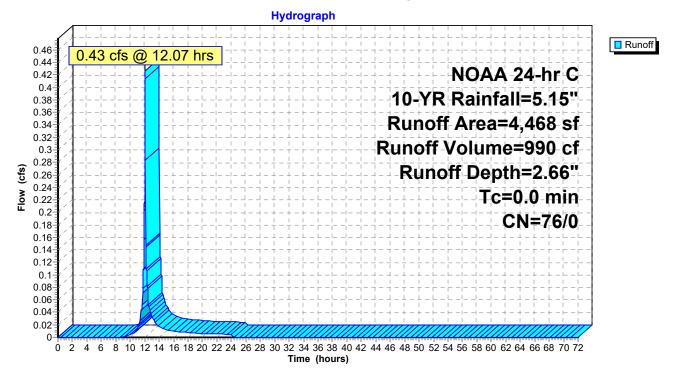
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff 0.43 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 990 cf, Depth= 2.66" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 10-YR Rainfall=5.15"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,678	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
 2,790	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
4,468	76	Weighted Average
4,468	76	100.00% Pervious Area

### Subcatchment P2: Proposed Drainage to Red Lion Road



### Summary for Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin

Inflow Area	=	87,600 sf, 32.60% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.95" for 10-YR event
Inflow	=	9.60 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 21,507 cf
Outflow	=	0.20 cfs @ 15.89 hrs, Volume= 20,227 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 229.1 min
Primary	=	0.20 cfs @ 15.89 hrs, Volume= 20,227 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 50.30' @ 15.89 hrs Surf.Area= 20,465 sf Storage= 15,675 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,010.7 min calculated for 20,227 cf (94% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 979.3 min (1,783.1 - 803.9)

Volume	Inve	ert Avai	il.Storage	age Storage Description					
#1 49.5		50'	53,832 cf	Custom Stage Da	i <b>ta (Irregular)</b> Liste	d below (Recalc)			
		Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area			
(fee		<u>(sq-ft)</u> 18,607	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)			
50.0	49.50 50.00		765.0 775.0	0 9,591	0 9,591	18,607 19,892			
50.5 51.0		20,931 22,115	784.0 794.0	10,172 10,760	19,763 30,523	21,074 22,390			
52.0	00	24,524	812.0	23,309	53,832	24,827			
Device	Routing	In	vert Outle	et Devices					
#1	Primary 49.50'		L= 1 Inlet	<b>" Round Culvert</b> 80.0' RCP, square / Outlet Invert= 49.9 .013 Corrugated Pl	50'/47.00' S=0.0				
#2Device 149.50'#3Device 150.30'#4Device 151.00'		.50' <b>3.0"</b> .30' <b>24.0</b> .00' <b>48.0</b>	Vert. 3" orifice C "W x 6.0" H Vert. ( " x 48.0" Horiz. Ori ted to weir flow at lo	= 0.600 <b>Drifice/Grate</b> C= ifice/Grate C= 0.6	0.600				

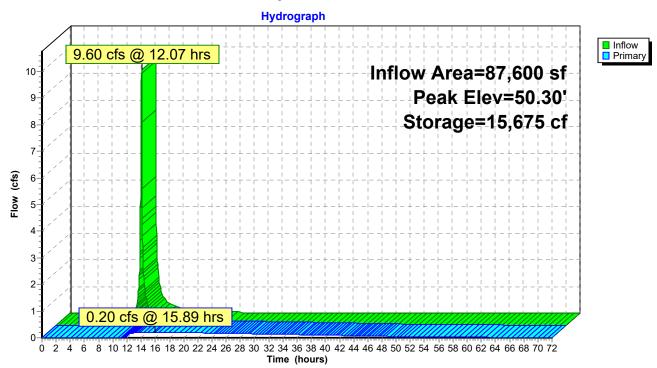
Primary OutFlow Max=0.20 cfs @ 15.89 hrs HW=50.30' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.20 cfs of 2.06 cfs potential flow)

**2=3" orifice** (Orifice Controls 0.19 cfs @ 3.96 fps)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.00 cfs @ 0.16 fps)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)



### Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin

### Summary for Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin

Inflow Area =	36,940 sf, 73.88% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 4.35" for 10-YR event
Inflow =	4.70 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	13,384 cf
Outflow =	4.48 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	13,385 cf, Atten= 5%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.04 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	4,084 cf
Primary =	4.44 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	9,300 cf

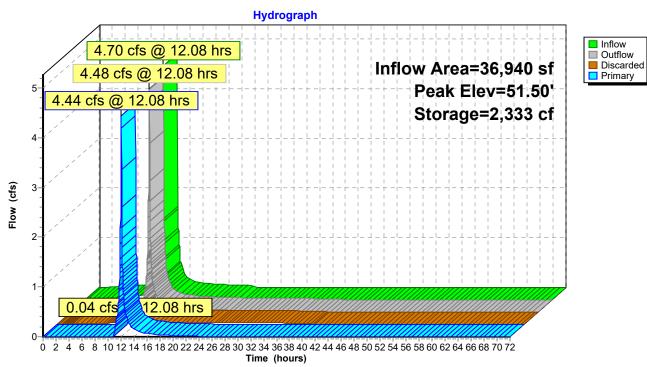
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 51.50' @ 12.08 hrs Surf.Area= 2,609 sf Storage= 2,333 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 161.2 min calculated for 13,381 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 161.5 min ( 918.0 - 756.5 )

Volume	Inve	rt Avai	I.Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	50.5	0'	5,237 cf	Custom Stage Da	ata (Irregular)Listed	l below (Recalc)	
_		~ ~ ^	<b>.</b> .				
Elevatio	on S	Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	<u>(sq-ft)</u>	
50.5	50	2,067	171.0	0	0	2,067	
51.0	00	2,331	181.0	1,099	1,099	2,361	
52.0	00	2,902	200.0	2,611	3,710	2,967	
52.5	50	3,207	209.0	1,527	5,237	3,278	
Device	Routing	In	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	51	.20' 10.0	long x 1.0 bread	Ith Broad-Crested	Rectangular Weir	
	-		Head	Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00			
			2.50	3.00			
			Coe	f. (Enalish) 2.69 2.	72 2.75 2.85 2.98	3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31	
				3.31 3.32			
#2	Discardeo	d 50			over Wetted area		
	Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 47.00'						
			0011				
						<b>`</b>	

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.04 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=51.50' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.04 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=4.43 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=51.50' TW=49.93' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 4.43 cfs @ 1.48 fps)

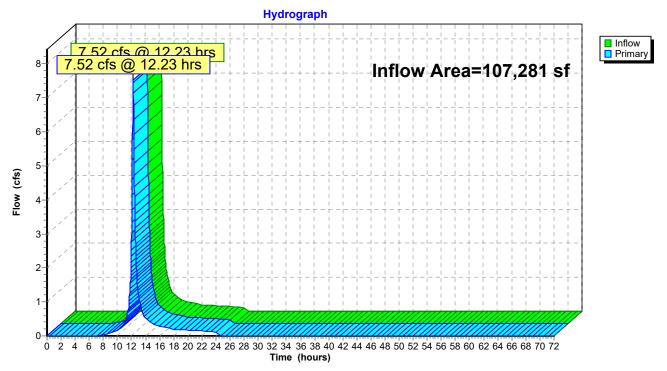


### Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin

### Summary for Link E-POI1: Point of Interest 1

Inflow Area	a =	107,281 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.21"	for 10-YR event
Inflow	=	7.52 cfs @ 1	12.23 hrs, Volume=	28,730 cf	
Primary	=	7.52 cfs @ 1	12.23 hrs, Volume=	28,730 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

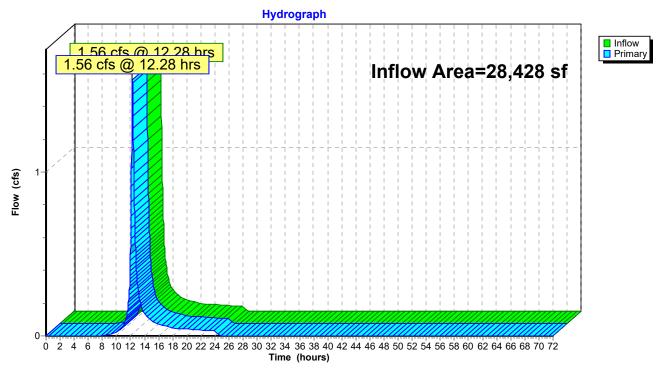


### Link E-POI1: Point of Interest 1

### Summary for Link E-POI2: Point of Interest 2

Inflow Area	a =	28,428 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.75"	for 10-YR event
Inflow	=	1.56 cfs @ 1	12.28 hrs, Volume=	6,512 cf	
Primary	=	1.56 cfs @ 1	12.28 hrs, Volume=	6,512 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

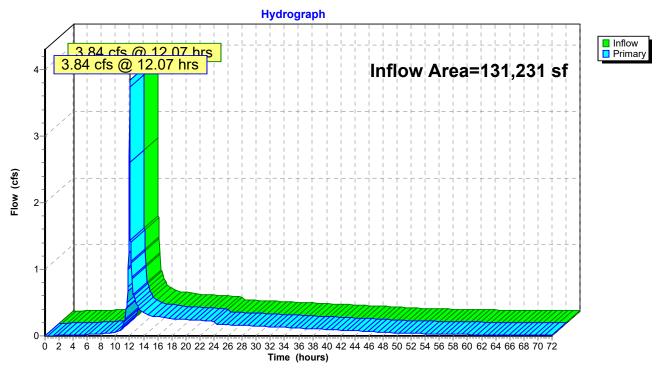


### Link E-POI2: Point of Interest 2

#### Summary for Link P-POI1: Point of Inerest 1

Inflow Area	a =	131,231 sf, 30.63% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.71" for 10-YR event	
Inflow	=	3.84 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 29,666 cf	
Primary	=	3.84 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 29,666 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min	1

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs



#### Link P-POI1: Point of Inerest 1

#### Summary for Link P-POI2: Point of Interest 2

Inflow Are	a =	4,468 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.66"	for 10-YR event
Inflow	=	0.43 cfs @ 1	12.07 hrs, Volume=	990 cf	
Primary	=	0.43 cfs @ 1	12.07 hrs, Volume=	990 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

#### Hydrograph Inflow Primary <u>0 43 cfs @ 12 07 hrs</u> 0.46 0.43 cfs @ 12.07 hrs Inflow Area=4,468 sf 0.44-0.42-0.4 0.38 0.36 0.34 0.32 0.3 0.28 0.28 0.26 0.24 0.22 0.2 0.2 0.18 0.16 0.14-0.12-0.1 0.08 0.06 0.04 0.02 0-0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 Time (hours)

#### Link P-POI2: Point of Interest 2

# APPENDIX C-4 100-Year Storm Event Hydrographs

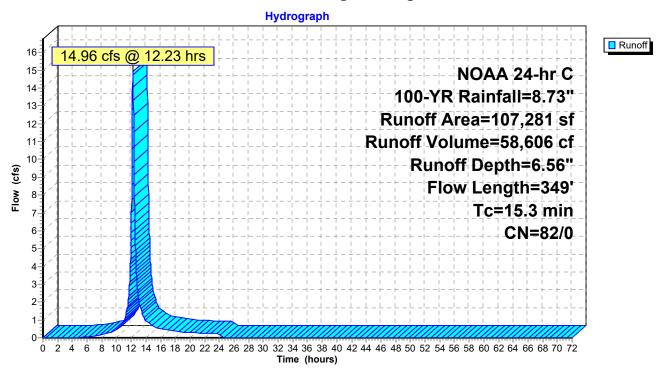


#### Summary for Subcatchment E1-A: Existing Drainage to US Route 206

Runoff = 14.96 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 58,606 cf, Depth= 6.56"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 100-YR Rainfall=8.73"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
	52,064	86 <	86 <50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG C				
	2,709	96 C	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG (			
	5,596	76 V	Voods/gras	s comb., F	Fair, HSG C		
	12,324	68 <	<50% Gras	s cover, Po	bor, HSG A		
	2,062	96 (	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG D	)		
	15,342	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D		
	17,184	82 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., F	air, HSG D		
1	07,281	82 V	Veighted A	verage			
1	07,281	82 1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a		
_		~		<b>•</b> •			
	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
6.2	55	0.0180	0.15		Sheet Flow, A-B		
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"		
4.9	45	0.0220	0.15		Sheet Flow, B-C		
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"		
2.0	89	0.0110	0.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D		
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
1.2	64	0.0160	0.89		Shallow Concentrated Flow, D-E		
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
0.3	25	0.0400	1.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, F-G		
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
0.7	71	0.0140	1.77		Shallow Concentrated Flow, G-H		
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps		
15.3	349	Total					



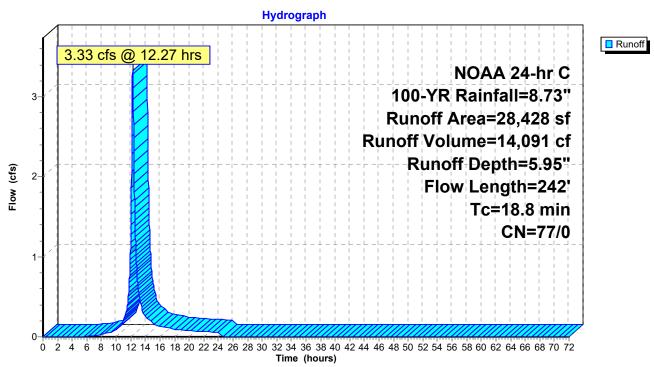
#### Subcatchment E1-A: Existing Drainage to US Route 206

#### Summary for Subcatchment E2: Existing Drainage to Red Lion Road

Runoff 3.33 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 14,091 cf, Depth= 5.95" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 100-YR Rainfall=8.73"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
	8,966	80 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D
	1,621	96 (	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	)
	17,586				ood, HSG C
	255	96 (	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C	
	28,428		Neighted A	0	
	28,428	77 ´	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	а
-				0	
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.3	28	0.0070	0.09		Sheet Flow, Segment A-B
• •					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"
9.4	72	0.0110	0.13		Sheet Flow, Segment B-C
07	00	0 0000	0.00		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.35"
2.7	62	0.0030	0.38		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Segment C-D
4.0	40	0.0400	0.70		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.2	49	0.0100	0.70		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Segment D-E
0.0	04	0.0400	0.57		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.2	31	0.0160	2.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Segment E-F
		<b>-</b>			Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
18.8	242	Total			



#### Subcatchment E2: Existing Drainage to Red Lion Road

#### Summary for Subcatchment P1-A: Proposed Drainage to US Route 206

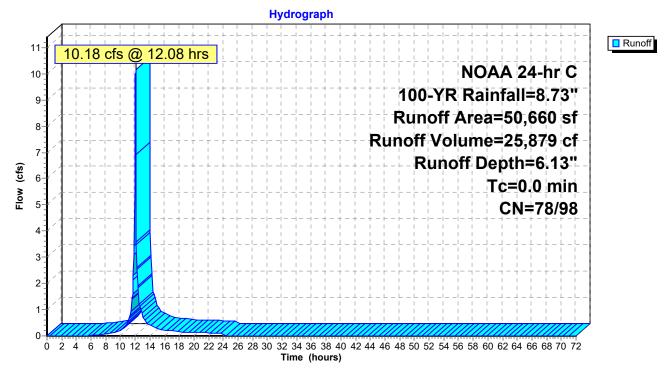
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff = 10.18 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 25,879 cf, Depth= 6.13"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 100-YR Rainfall=8.73"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
20,130	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
29,261	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
 1,269	98	Paved parking, HSG A
50,660	78	Weighted Average
49,391	78	97.50% Pervious Area
1,269	98	2.50% Impervious Area

#### Subcatchment P1-A: Proposed Drainage to US Route 206



### Summary for Subcatchment P1-B: Proposed Parking Area Drainage

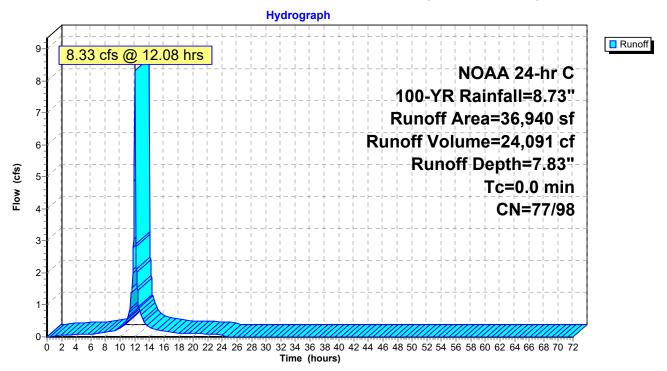
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff = 8.33 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 24,091 cf, Depth= 7.83"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 100-YR Rainfall=8.73"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
27,292	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,390	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
4,258	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
36,940	93	Weighted Average
9,648	77	26.12% Pervious Area
27,292	98	73.88% Impervious Area

#### Subcatchment P1-B: Proposed Parking Area Drainage



#### Summary for Subcatchment P1-C: Undetained Drainage to US Route 206

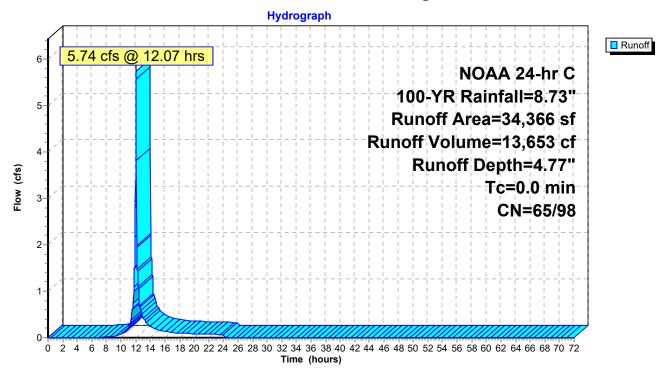
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff = 5.74 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 13,653 cf, Depth= 4.77"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 100-YR Rainfall=8.73"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
19,537	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
8,752	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
3,711	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
2,366	98	Paved parking, HSG A
34,366	67	Weighted Average
32,000	65	93.12% Pervious Area
2,366	98	6.88% Impervious Area

#### Subcatchment P1-C: Undetained Drainage to US Route 206



#### Summary for Subcatchment P1-D: Drainage from Building

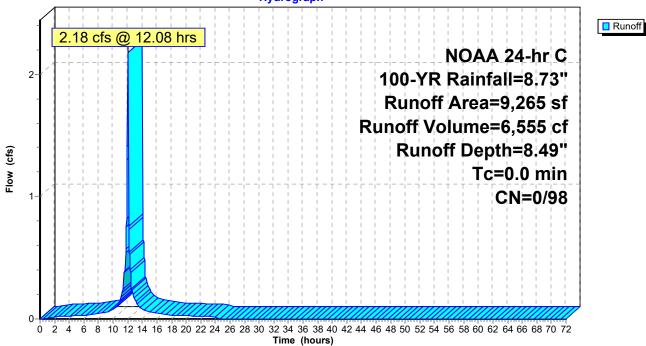
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff 2.18 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 6,555 cf, Depth= 8.49" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 100-YR Rainfall=8.73"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
9,265	98	Roofs, HSG A
9,265	98	100.00% Impervious Area

#### Subcatchment P1-D: Drainage from Building



Hydrograph

#### Summary for Subcatchment P2: Proposed Drainage to Red Lion Road

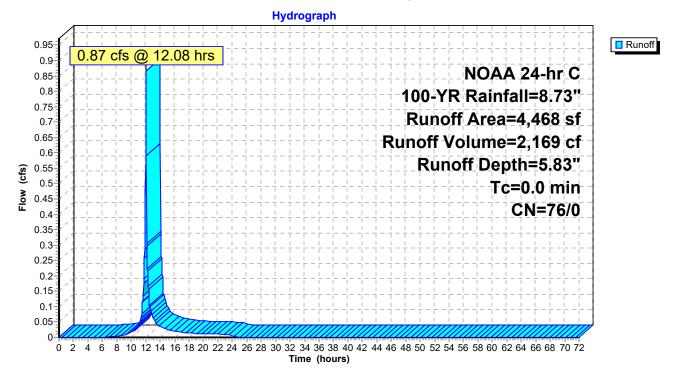
[46] Hint: Tc=0 (Instant runoff peak depends on dt)

Runoff = 0.87 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2,169 cf, Depth= 5.83"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs NOAA 24-hr C 100-YR Rainfall=8.73"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,678	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
2,790	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
4,468	76	Weighted Average
4,468	76	100.00% Pervious Area

#### Subcatchment P2: Proposed Drainage to Red Lion Road



#### Summary for Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin

Inflow Area	a =	87,600 sf, 32.60% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 6.26" for 100-YR event
Inflow	=	18.60 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	45,683 cf
Outflow	=	2.33 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume=	44,257 cf, Atten= 87%, Lag= 28.3 min
Primary	=	2.33 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume=	44,257 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 50.77' @ 12.54 hrs Surf.Area= 21,568 sf Storage= 25,516 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 599.1 min calculated for 44,245 cf (97% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 581.3 min (1,371.8 - 790.5)

Volume	Inve	ert Avai	I.Storage	Storage Descriptio	'n		
#1	49.5	50' !	53,832 cf	Custom Stage Da	i <b>ta (Irregular)</b> Liste	d below (Recalc)	
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee	1	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	<u>(sq-ft)</u>	
49.8 50.0	00	18,607 19,762	765.0 775.0	0 9,591	0 9,591	18,607 19,892	
50.8 51.0		20,931 22,115	784.0 794.0	10,172 10,760	19,763 30,523	21,074 22,390	
52.0		24,524	812.0	23,309	53,832	24,827	
Device	Routing	Inv	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	49	L= 1 Inlet	<b>" Round Culvert</b> 80.0' RCP, square / Outlet Invert= 49.9 .013 Corrugated Pl	50'/47.00' S=0.0		_
#2 #3 #4	Device 1 Device 1 Device 1	1 49.50' <b>3.0"</b> 1 50.30' <b>24.0</b> 1 51.00' <b>48.0</b>		Vert. 3" orifice C " W x 6.0" H Vert. ( " x 48.0" Horiz. Ori ed to weir flow at lo	= 0.600 Orifice/Grate C= ifice/Grate C= 0.6	0.600	

Primary OutFlow Max=2.33 cfs @ 12.54 hrs HW=50.77' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

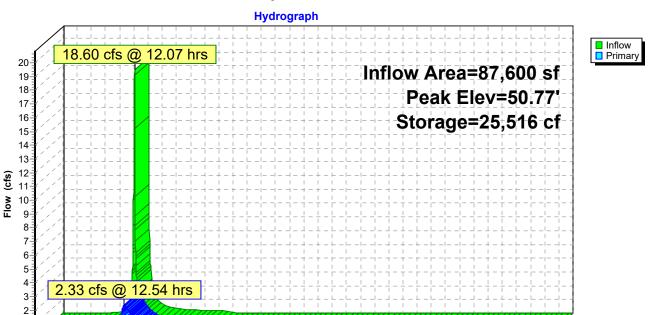
-1=Culvert (Passes 2.33 cfs of 3.32 cfs potential flow)

2=3" orifice (Orifice Controls 0.25 cfs @ 5.15 fps)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 2.07 cfs @ 2.20 fps)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

1 0-



#### Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin

0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 Time (hours)

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#### Summary for Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin

Inflow Area =	36,940 sf, 73.88% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 7.83" for 100-YR event
Inflow =	8.33 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	24,091 cf
Outflow =	8.12 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	24,091 cf, Atten= 3%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.04 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	4,288 cf
Primary =	8.08 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	19,804 cf

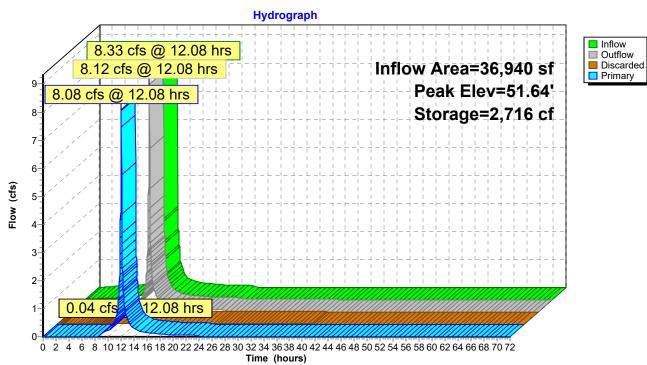
Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs Peak Elev= 51.64' @ 12.08 hrs Surf.Area= 2,692 sf Storage= 2,716 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 103.2 min calculated for 24,084 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 103.4 min (852.2 - 748.8)

Volume	Inve	rt Avai	l.Storage	Storage Descriptio	n	
#1	50.50	כ'	5,237 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular)Listed	below (Recalc)
		- · · ·	<b>D</b> .			
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	<u>(sq-ft)</u>
50.5	50	2,067	171.0	0	0	2,067
51.0	00	2,331	181.0	1,099	1,099	2,361
52.0	00	2,902	200.0	2,611	3,710	2,967
52.5	50	3,207	209.0	1,527	5,237	3,278
Device	Deutina					
Device	Routing	Inv	_	et Devices		
#1	Primary	51	.20' <b>10.0</b> '	long x 1.0 bread	th Broad-Crested I	Rectangular Weir
			Head	d (feet) 0.20 0.40	0.60 0.80 1.00 1.2	20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50	3.00		
			Coet	f. (Enalish) 2.69 2.	72 2.75 2.85 2.98	3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31
				3.31 3.32		
#2	Discardeo	50		0 in/hr Exfiltration	over Wetted area	
	Biotarate				vater Elevation = 47	00'
			Con			

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.04 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=51.64' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.04 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=8.01 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=51.64' TW=50.49' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 8.01 cfs @ 1.81 fps)

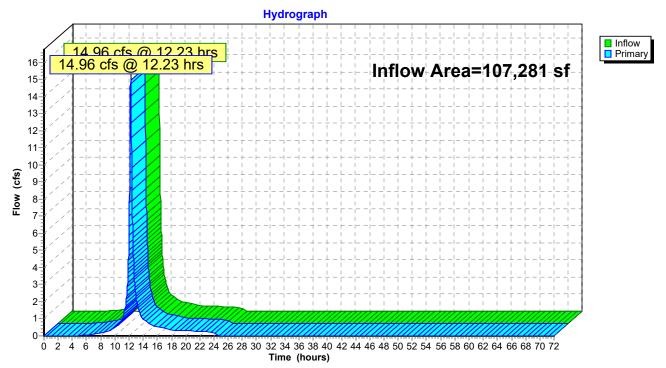


### Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin

#### Summary for Link E-POI1: Point of Interest 1

Inflow Are	a =	107,281 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 6.56"	for 100-YR event
Inflow	=	14.96 cfs @ 1	12.23 hrs, Volume=	58,606 cf	
Primary	=	14.96 cfs @ 1	12.23 hrs, Volume=	58,606 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

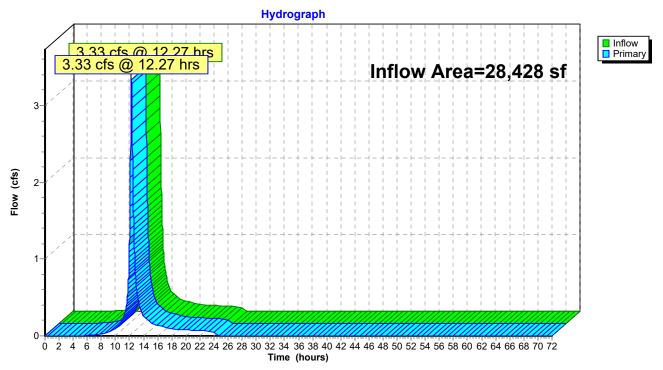


#### Link E-POI1: Point of Interest 1

#### Summary for Link E-POI2: Point of Interest 2

Inflow Area =	:	28,428 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5	5.95" for 100-YR event
Inflow =		3.33 cfs @	12.27 hrs, Volume=	14,091 cf	
Primary =		3.33 cfs @	12.27 hrs, Volume=	14,091 cf,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

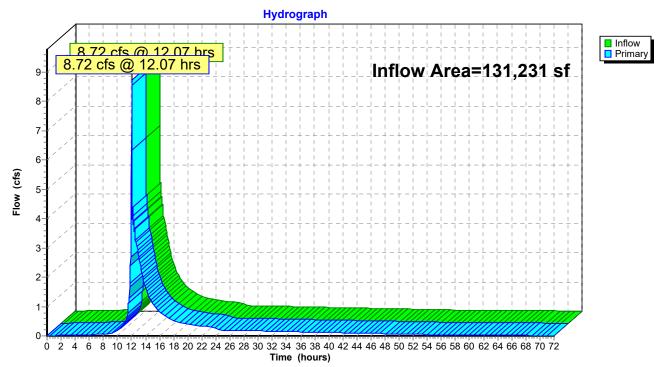


#### Link E-POI2: Point of Interest 2

#### Summary for Link P-POI1: Point of Inerest 1

Inflow Are	a =	131,231 sf, 30.63% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 5.89" for 100-YR ev	/ent
Inflow	=	8.72 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 64,465 cf	
Primary	=	8.72 cfs $\overline{@}$ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 64,465 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.	0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs



#### Link P-POI1: Point of Inerest 1

#### Summary for Link P-POI2: Point of Interest 2

Inflow Area	a =	4,468 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.83"	for 100-YR event
Inflow	=	0.87 cfs @ 1	12.08 hrs, Volume=	2,169 cf	
Primary	=	0.87 cfs @ ´	12.08 hrs, Volume=	2,169 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.02 hrs

#### Hydrograph Inflow Primary 0.87 cfs @ 12.08 hrs 0.87 cfs @ 12.08 hrs 0.95 Inflow Area=4,468 sf 0.9 0.85 0.8 0.75 0.7 0.65 0.6 0.55 Flow (cfs) 0.5 0.45 0.4 0.35 0.3 0.25 0.2 0.15 0.1 0.05 0 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 Time (hours)

#### Link P-POI2: Point of Interest 2





## Stage-Discharge for Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin

Elevation	Primary	Elevation	Primary	Elevation	Primary	Elevation	Primary
(feet)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)
49.50	0.00	50.03	0.15	50.56	1.08	51.09	3.95
49.51	0.00	50.04	0.15	50.57	1.13	51.10	3.97
49.52	0.00	50.05	0.15	50.58	1.18	51.11	3.98
49.53	0.00	50.06	0.16	50.59	1.23	51.12	4.00
49.54	0.00	50.07	0.16	50.60	1.29	51.13	4.02
49.55	0.01	50.08	0.16	50.61	1.34	51.14	4.04
49.56	0.01	50.09	0.16	50.62	1.40	51.15	4.06
49.57	0.01	50.10	0.16	50.63	1.45	51.16	4.07
49.58	0.01	50.11	0.16	50.64	1.51	51.17	4.09
49.59	0.02	50.12	0.17	50.65	1.57	51.18	4.11
49.60	0.02	50.13	0.17	50.66	1.63	51.19	4.13
49.61	0.02	50.14	0.17	50.67	1.69	51.20	4.14
49.62	0.03	50.15	0.17	50.68	1.75	51.21	4.16
49.63	0.03	50.16	0.17	50.69	1.81	51.22	4.18
49.64	0.04	50.17	0.17	50.70	1.87	51.23	4.19
49.65	0.04	50.18	0.18	50.71	1.93	51.24	4.21
49.66	0.05	50.19	0.18	50.72	1.99	51.25	4.23
49.67	0.05	50.20	0.18	50.73	2.06	51.26	4.24
49.68	0.05	50.21	0.18	50.74	2.12	51.27	4.26
49.69	0.06	50.22	0.18	50.75	2.19	51.28	4.27
49.70	0.06	50.23	0.18	50.76	2.25	51.29	4.27
49.71	0.07	50.24	0.19	50.77	2.32	51.30	4.28
49.72	0.07	50.25	0.19	50.78	2.39	51.31	4.29
49.73	0.08	50.26	0.19	50.79	2.46	51.32	4.29
49.74	0.08	50.27	0.19	50.80	2.53	51.33	4.30
49.75 49.76	0.08 0.09	50.28 50.29	0.19 0.19	50.81 50.82	2.59 2.65	51.34 51.35	4.31
49.76 49.77	0.09	50.29	0.19	50.82	2.65	51.35 51.36	4.31 4.32
49.77	0.09	50.30	0.19	50.83	2.76	51.30	4.32
49.78	0.09	50.31	0.20	50.85	2.70	51.38	4.33
49.80	0.10	50.32	0.22	50.86	2.86	51.39	4.33
49.81	0.10	50.34	0.25	50.87	2.00	51.40	4.35
49.82	0.10	50.35	0.23	50.88	2.96	51.41	4.35
49.83	0.11	50.36	0.30	50.89	3.00	51.42	4.36
49.84	0.11	50.37	0.32	50.90	3.05	51.43	4.36
49.85	0.11	50.38	0.35	50.91	3.09	51.44	4.37
49.86	0.11	50.39	0.38	50.92	3.14	51.45	4.38
49.87	0.12	50.40	0.41	50.93	3.18	51.46	4.38
49.88	0.12	50.41	0.44	50.94	3.22	51.47	4.39
49.89	0.12	50.42	0.48	50.95	3.26	51.48	4.40
49.90	0.12	50.43	0.51	50.96	3.30	51.49	4.40
49.91	0.13	50.44	0.55	50.97	3.34	51.50	4.41
49.92	0.13	50.45	0.59	50.98	3.38	51.51	4.42
49.93	0.13	50.46	0.63	50.99	3.42	51.52	4.42
49.94	0.13	50.47	0.67	51.00	3.46	51.53	4.43
49.95	0.13	50.48	0.71	51.01	3.55	51.54	4.43
49.96	0.14	50.49	0.75	51.02	3.69	51.55	4.44
49.97	0.14	50.50	0.80	51.03	3.84	51.56	4.45
49.98	0.14	50.51	0.84	51.04	3.86	51.57	4.45
49.99	0.14	50.52	0.89	51.05	3.88	51.58	4.46
50.00	0.14	50.53	0.93	51.06	3.89	51.59	4.47
50.01	0.15	50.54	0.98	51.07	3.91	51.60	4.47
50.02	0.15	50.55	1.03	51.08	3.93	51.61	4.48
		•		•	•		

#### Stage-Discharge for Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin (continued)

Elevation	Primary
(feet)	(cfs)
51.62	4.48
51.63	4.49
51.64	4.50
51.65	4.50
51.66	4.51
51.67	4.52
51.68	4.52
51.69	4.53
51.70	4.53
51.71	4.54
51.72	4.55
51.73	4.55
51.74	4.56
51.75	4.56
51.76	4.57
51.77	4.58
51.78	4.58
51.79	4.59
51.80	4.59
51.81	4.60
51.82	4.61
51.83	4.61
51.84	4.62
51.85	4.62
51.86	4.63
51.87	4.64
51.88	4.64
51.89	4.65
51.90	4.65
51.91	4.66
51.92	4.67
51.93	4.67
51.94	4.68
51.95	4.68
51.96	4.69
51.97	4.70
51.98	4.70
51.99	4.71
52.00	4.71

#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin

_	<b>.</b>	<b>C</b> /		<b>.</b>	<b>O</b> (
Elevation	Surface	Storage	Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
49.50	18,607	0	50.03	19,831	10,185
49.51	18,630	186	50.04	19,854	10,383
49.52	18,653	373	50.05	19,877	10,582
49.53	18,675	559	50.06	19,901	10,781
49.54	18,698	746	50.07	19,924	10,980
49.55	18,721	933	50.08	19,947	11,179
49.56	18,744	1,121	50.09	19,970	11,379
49.57	18,767	1,308	50.10	19,993	11,579
49.58	18,789	1,496	50.11	20,016	11,779
49.59	18,812	1,684	50.12	20,039	11,979
49.60	18,835	1,872	50.13	20,063	12,179
49.61	18,858	2,061	50.14	20,086	12,380
49.62	18,881	2,249	50.15	20,109	12,581
49.63	18,904	2,438	50.16	20,132	12,782
49.64	18,927	2,627	50.17	20,156	12,984
49.65	18,950	2,817	50.18	20,179	13,185
49.66	18,973	3,006	50.19 50.20	20,202	13,387
49.67	18,996	3,196	50.20	20,226 20,249	13,589
49.68 49.69	19,019 19,042	3,386	50.21		13,792
49.09	19,042	3,577 3,767	50.22	20,272 20,296	13,994 14,197
49.70	19,005	3,958	50.23	20,290	14,197
49.72	19,000	4,149	50.24	20,319	14,604
49.72	19,134	4,149 4,340	50.25	20,342	14,807
49.74	19,157	4,532	50.20	20,389	15,011
49.75	19,180	4,723	50.28	20,303	15,215
49.76	19,203	4,915	50.29	20,415	15,419
49.77	19,226	5,107	50.30	20,459	15,624
49.78	19,250	5,300	50.31	20,483	15,828
49.79	19,273	5,492	50.32	20,506	16,033
49.80	19,296	5,685	50.33	20,530	16,239
49.81	19,319	5,878	50.34	20,553	16,444
49.82	19,342	6,071	50.35	20,577	16,650
49.83	19,365	6,265	50.36	20,600	16,855
49.84	19,389	6,459	50.37	20,624	17,062
49.85	19,412	6,653	50.38	20,647	17,268
49.86	19,435	6,847	50.39	20,671	17,475
49.87	19,458	7,042	50.40	20,695	17,681
49.88	19,482	7,236	50.41	20,718	17,888
49.89	19,505	7,431	50.42	20,742	18,096
49.90	19,528	7,626	50.43	20,765	18,303
49.91	19,552	7,822	50.44	20,789	18,511
49.92	19,575	8,017	50.45	20,813	18,719
49.93	19,598	8,213	50.46	20,836	18,927
49.94	19,622	8,409	50.47	20,860	19,136
49.95	19,645	8,606	50.48	20,884	19,345
49.96	19,668	8,802	50.49	20,907	19,553
49.97	19,692	8,999	50.50	20,931	19,763
49.98	19,715	9,196	50.51	20,954	19,972
49.99	19,739	9,393	50.52	20,978	20,182
50.00	19,762	9,591	50.53	21,001	20,392
50.01	19,785	9,789	50.54	21,025	20,602
50.02	19,808	9,987	50.55	21,048	20,812
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#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin (continued)

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Elevation	Surface	Storage	Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
50.56	21,071	21,023	51.09	22,327	32,523
50.57	21,095	21,234	51.10	22,350	32,746
50.58	21,118	21,445	51.11	22,374	32,970
50.59	21,142	21,656	51.12	22,398	33,194
50.60	21,165	21,867	51.13	22,421	33,418
50.61	21,189	22,079	51.14	22,445	33,642
50.62	21,212	22,291	51.15	22,468	33,867
50.63	21,236	22,503	51.16	22,492	34,091
50.64	21,259	22,716	51.17	22,516	34,316
50.65	21,283	22,929	51.18	22,539	34,542
50.66	21,306	23,142	51.19	22,563	34,767
50.67	21,330	23,355	51.20	22,587	34,993
50.68	21,353	23,568	51.21	22,611	35,219
50.69	21,377	23,782	51.22	22,634	35,445
50.70	21,401	23,996	51.23	22,658	35,672
50.70	21,401	23,990	51.23	22,682	35,898
50.72	21,448	24,424	51.25	22,706	36,125
50.73	21,472	24,639	51.26	22,729	36,352
50.74	21,495	24,854	51.27	22,753	36,580
50.75	21,519	25,069	51.28	22,777	36,807
50.76	21,543	25,284	51.29	22,801	37,035
50.77	21,566	25,500	51.30	22,825	37,263
50.78	21,590	25,715	51.31	22,848	37,492
50.79	21,614	25,931	51.32	22,872	37,720
50.80	21,637	26,148	51.33	22,896	37,949
50.81	21,661	26,364	51.34	22,920	38,178
50.82	21,685	26,581	51.35	22,944	38,408
50.83	21,709	26,798	51.36	22,968	38,637
50.84	21,733	27,015	51.37	22,992	38,867
50.85	21,756	27,232	51.38	23,016	39,097
50.86	21,780	27,450	51.39	23,040	39,327
50.87	21,804	27,668	51.40	23,064	39,558
50.88	21,828	27,886	51.41	23,088	39,789
50.89	21,852	28,105	51.42	23,112	40,020
50.90	21,876	28,323	51.43	23,136	40,251
50.91	21,899	28,542	51.44	23,160	40,482
50.92	21,923	28,761	51.45	23,184	40,714
50.92			51.46		40,946
	21,947	28,981		23,208	
50.94	21,971	29,200	51.47	23,232	41,178
50.95	21,995	29,420	51.48	23,256	41,411
50.96	22,019	29,640	51.49	23,280	41,643
50.97	22,043	29,860	51.50	23,304	41,876
50.98	22,067	30,081	51.51	23,328	42,109
50.99	22,091	30,302	51.52	23,352	42,343
51.00	22,115	30,523	51.53	23,376	42,576
51.01	22,138	30,744	51.54	23,400	42,810
51.02	22,162	30,966	51.55	23,425	43,044
51.03	22,185	31,187	51.56	23,449	43,279
51.04	22,209	31,409	51.57	23,473	43,513
51.05	22,232	31,631	51.58	23,497	43,748
51.06	22,256	31,854	51.59	23,521	43,983
51.07	22,280	32,077	51.60	23,545	44,219
51.08	22,303	32,300	51.61	23,570	44,454
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#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond B1: Proposed Above Ground Basin (continued)

Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
51.62	23,594	44,690
51.63	23,618	44,926
51.64	23,642	45,162
51.65	23,667	45,399
51.66	23,691	45,636
51.67	23,715	45,873
51.68	23,740	46,110
51.69	23,764	46,348
51.70	23,788	46,585
51.71	23,813	46,823
51.72	23,837	47,062
51.73	23,861	47,300
51.74	23,886	47,539
51.75	23,910	47,778
51.76	23,934	48,017
51.77	23,959	48,257
51.78	23,983	48,496
51.79	24,008	48,736
51.80	24,032	48,976
51.81	24,057	49,217
51.82	24,081	49,458
51.83	24,106	49,698
51.84	24,130	49,940
51.85	24,155	50,181
51.86	24,179	50,423
51.87	24,204	50,665
51.88	24,228	50,907
51.89	24,253	51,149
51.90	24,277	51,392
51.91	24,302	51,635
51.92	24,327	51,878
51.93	24,351	52,121
51.94	24,376	52,365
51.95	24,401	52,609
51.96 51.97	24,425	52,853
51.97	24,450	53,097 53,242
51.98 51.99	24,475 24,499	53,342 53,587
52.00	24,499 <b>24,524</b>	53,832
52.00	24,324	33,032

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#### Stage-Discharge for Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin

Elevation	Discharge	Discarded	Primary	Elevation	Discharge	Discarded	Primary
(feet)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)
50.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	51.03	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.51	0.02	0.02	0.00	51.04	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.52	0.02	0.02	0.00	51.05	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.53	0.02	0.02	0.00	51.06	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.54	0.02	0.02	0.00	51.07	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.55	0.02	0.02	0.00	51.08	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.56	0.02 0.02	0.02 0.02	0.00 0.00	51.09	0.03 0.03	0.03 0.03	0.00 0.00
50.57 50.58	0.02	0.02	0.00	51.10 51.11	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.50	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.12	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.60	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.13	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.61	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.14	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.62	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.15	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.63	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.16	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.64	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.17	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.65	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.18	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.66	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.19	0.03	0.03	0.00
50.67 50.68	0.03 0.03	0.03 0.03	0.00 0.00	51.20 51.21	0.03 0.06	0.03 0.03	0.00 0.03
50.69	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.21	0.00	0.03	0.03
50.70	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.23	0.17	0.03	0.14
50.71	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.24	0.25	0.03	0.22
50.72	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.25	0.34	0.03	0.30
50.73	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.26	0.43	0.03	0.40
50.74	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.27	0.53	0.03	0.50
50.75	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.28	0.64	0.04	0.61
50.76 50.77	0.03 0.03	0.03 0.03	0.00 0.00	51.29 51.30	0.76 0.89	0.04 0.04	0.73 0.85
50.77	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.30	1.02	0.04	0.85
50.79	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.32	1.15	0.04	1.12
50.80	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.33	1.30	0.04	1.26
50.81	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.34	1.45	0.04	1.41
50.82	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.35	1.60	0.04	1.56
50.83	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.36	1.76	0.04	1.72
50.84	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.37	1.92	0.04	1.89
50.85 50.86	0.03 0.03	0.03 0.03	0.00 0.00	51.38 51.39	2.09 2.26	0.04 0.04	2.05 2.23
50.80	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.39	2.20	0.04	2.23
50.88	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.41	2.63	0.04	2.59
50.89	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.42	2.82	0.04	2.78
50.90	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.43	3.01	0.04	2.97
50.91	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.44	3.21	0.04	3.17
50.92	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.45	3.41	0.04	3.37
50.93	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.46	3.62	0.04	3.58
50.94	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.47	3.83	0.04	3.79
50.95 50.96	0.03 0.03	0.03 0.03	0.00 0.00	51.48 51.49	4.04 4.26	0.04 0.04	4.00 4.22
50.90	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.49	4.20	0.04	4.22
50.98	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.51	4.71	0.04	4.67
50.99	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.52	4.94	0.04	4.90
51.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.53	5.18	0.04	5.14
51.01	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.54	5.41	0.04	5.37
51.02	0.03	0.03	0.00	51.55	5.66	0.04	5.62

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Stage-Discharge for Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin (continued)

Elevation	Discharge	Discarded	Primary	Elevation	Discharge	Discarded	Primary
(feet)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)
51.56	5.90	0.04	5.86	52.09	24.47	0.05	24.42
51.57	6.15	0.04	6.11	52.10	24.94	0.05	24.89
51.58	6.40	0.04	6.36	52.11	25.41	0.05	25.36
51.59	6.66	0.04	6.62	52.12	25.89	0.05	25.84
51.60	6.92	0.04	6.88	52.13	26.37	0.05	26.32
51.61	7.18	0.04	7.14	52.14	26.85	0.05	26.80
51.62	7.45	0.04	7.41	52.15	27.34	0.05	27.29
51.63	7.72	0.04	7.68	52.16	27.83	0.05	27.79
51.64	8.00	0.04	7.96	52.17	28.33	0.05	28.28
51.65	8.27	0.04	8.23	52.18	28.83	0.05	28.78
51.66	8.56	0.04	8.51	52.19	29.34	0.05	29.29
51.67	8.84	0.04	8.80	52.20	29.85	0.05	29.80
51.68	9.13	0.04	9.09	52.21	30.35	0.05	30.30
51.69	9.42	0.04	9.38	52.22	30.85	0.05	30.80
51.70	9.71	0.04	9.67	52.23	31.36	0.05	31.31
51.71	10.01	0.04	9.97	52.24	31.87	0.05	31.82
51.72	10.31	0.04	10.27	52.25	32.38	0.05	32.33
51.73	10.61	0.04	10.57	52.26	32.90	0.05	32.85
51.74	10.92	0.04	10.88	52.27	33.42	0.05	33.37
51.75	11.23	0.04	11.19	52.28	33.95	0.05	33.90
51.76	11.54	0.04	11.50	52.29	34.48	0.05	34.42
51.77	11.86	0.04	11.82	52.30	35.01	0.05	34.96
51.78	12.18	0.04	12.13	52.31	35.54	0.05	35.49
51.79	12.50	0.04	12.46	52.32	36.08	0.05	36.03
51.80	12.82	0.04	12.78	52.33	36.63	0.05	36.58
51.81	13.17	0.04	13.13	52.34	37.18	0.05	37.12
51.82	13.52	0.04	13.47	52.35	37.73	0.05	37.68
51.83	13.87	0.04	13.83	52.36	38.28	0.05	38.23
51.84	14.23	0.04	14.18	52.37	38.84	0.05	38.79
51.85	14.59	0.04	14.54	52.38	39.40	0.05	39.35
51.86	14.95	0.04	14.91	52.39	39.97	0.05	39.92
51.87	15.32	0.04	15.27	52.40	40.54	0.05	40.49
51.88	15.69	0.04	15.64	52.41	41.13	0.05	41.07
51.89	16.06	0.04	16.02	52.42	41.72	0.05	41.67
51.90	16.44	0.04	16.40	52.43	42.31	0.05	42.26
51.91	16.83	0.05	16.78	52.44	42.91	0.05	42.86
51.92	17.21	0.05	17.17	52.45	43.52	0.05	43.46
51.93	17.60	0.05	17.56	52.46	44.13	0.05	44.07
51.94	18.00	0.05	17.95	52.47	44.74	0.05	44.68
51.95	18.39	0.05	18.35	52.48	45.35	0.05	45.30
51.96	18.80	0.05	18.75	52.49	45.97	0.05	45.92
51.97	19.20	0.05	19.16	52.50	46.60	0.05	46.54
51.98	19.61	0.05	19.56				
51.99	20.02	0.05	19.98				
52.00	20.44	0.05	20.39				
52.01	20.87	0.05	20.82				
52.02	21.31	0.05	21.26				
52.03	21.75	0.05	21.70				
52.04	22.19	0.05	22.14				
52.05	22.64	0.05	22.59				

23.04

23.50

23.96

0.05

0.05

0.05

52.06

52.07

52.08

23.09

23.54

24.00

#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin

	•		
Elevation	Surface	Wetted	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
50.50	2,067	2,067	0
50.51	2,072	2,073	21
50.52	2,077	2,078	41
50.53	2,082	2,084	62
50.54	2,088	2,090	83
50.55 50.56	2,093 2,098	2,096 2,101	104 125
50.57	2,098	2,107	146
50.58	2,103	2,113	167
50.59	2,113	2,119	188
50.60	2,119	2,124	209
50.61	2,124	2,130	230
50.62	2,129	2,136	252
50.63	2,134	2,142	273
50.64	2,139	2,148	294
50.65	2,145	2,153	316
50.66	2,150	2,159	337
50.67	2,155	2,165	359
50.68	2,160	2,171	380
50.69 50.70	2,165	2,177	402 424
50.70 50.71	2,171 2,176	2,182 2,188	445
50.72	2,170	2,194	467
50.73	2,181	2,200	489
50.74	2,192	2,206	511
50.75	2,197	2,212	533
50.76	2,202	2,218	555
50.77	2,208	2,223	577
50.78	2,213	2,229	599
50.79	2,218	2,235	621
50.80	2,223	2,241	643
50.81	2,229	2,247	666
50.82 50.83	2,234 2,239	2,253	688 710
50.83	2,239	2,259 2,265	733
50.85	2,240	2,203	755
50.86	2,255	2,277	778
50.87	2,261	2,283	800
50.88	2,266	2,289	823
50.89	2,272	2,295	846
50.90	2,277	2,301	868
50.91	2,282	2,307	891
50.92	2,288	2,313	914
50.93	2,293	2,319	937
50.94	2,298	2,324	960
50.95 50.96	2,304 2,309	2,330 2,337	983
50.90	2,309	2,343	1,006 1,029
50.98	2,310	2,349	1,052
50.99	2,326	2,355	1,076
51.00	2,331	2,361	1,099
51.01	2,336	2,366	1,122
51.02	2,342	2,372	1,146

#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin (continued)

Elevation	Surface	Wetted	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
51.03	2,347	2,378	1,169
51.04	2,353	2,384	1,193
51.05	2,358	2,390	1,216
51.06	2,363	2,395	1,240
51.07	2,369	2,401	1,263
51.08	2,374	2,407	1,287
51.09	2,380	2,413	1,311
51.10	2,385	2,419	1,335
51.11	2,391	2,424	1,359
51.12	2,396	2,430	1,382
51.13	2,402	2,436	1,406
51.14	2,407	2,442	1,430
51.15	2,413	2,448	1,455
51.16	2,418	2,454	1,479
51.17	2,424	2,459	1,503
51.18	2,429	2,465	1,527
51.19	2,435	2,471	1,552
51.20	2,440	2,477	1,576
51.21	2,446	2,483	1,600
51.22	2,451	2,489	1,625
51.23	2,457	2,495	1,649
51.24	2,462	2,501	1,674
51.25	2,468	2,507	1,699
51.26	2,473	2,513	1,723
51.27	2,479	2,518	1,748
51.28	2,485	2,524	1,773
51.29	2,490	2,530	1,798
51.30	2,496	2,536	1,823
51.31	2,501	2,542	1,848
51.32	2,507	2,548	1,873
51.33	2,513	2,554	1,898
51.34	2,518	2,560	1,923
51.35	2,524	2,566	1,948
51.36	2,529	2,572	1,973
51.37	2,535	2,578	1,999
51.38	2,541	2,584	2,024
51.39	2,546	2,590	2,050
51.40	2,552	2,596	2,075
51.41	2,558	2,602	2,101
51.42	2,563	2,608	2,126
51.43	2,569	2,614	2,152
51.44	2,575	2,620	2,178
51.45	2,580	2,626	2,203
51.46	2,586	2,632	2,229
51.47	2,592	2,638	2,255
51.48	2,597	2,644	2,281
51.49	2,603	2,650	2,307
51.50	2,609	2,656	2,333
51.51	2,614	2,662	2,359
51.52	2,620	2,669	2,385
51.53	2,626	2,675	2,412
51.54	2,632	2,681	2,438
51.55	2,637	2,687	2,464

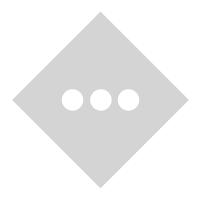
#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin (continued)

Elevation	Surface	Wetted	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
51.56	2,643	2,693	2,491
51.57	2,649	2,699	2,517
51.58	2,655	2,705	2,544
51.59	2,660	2,711	2,570
51.60	2,666	2,717	2,597
51.61	2,672	2,724	2,624
51.62	2,678	2,730	2,650
51.63	2,683	2,736	2,677
51.64	2,689	2,742	2,704
51.65	2,695	2,748	2,731
51.66	2,701	2,754	2,758
51.67	2,707	2,760	2,785
51.68	2,712	2,767	2,812
51.69	2,718	2,773	2,839
51.70	2,724	2,779	2,866
51.71	2,730	2,785	2,894
51.72	2,736	2,791	2,921
51.73	2,742	2,798	2,948
51.74	2,748	2,804	2,976
51.75	2,753	2,810	3,003
51.76	2,759	2,816	3,031
51.77	2,765	2,822	3,058
51.78	2,771	2,829	3,086
51.79	2,777	2,835	3,114
51.80	2,783	2,841	3,142
51.81	2,789	2,847	3,170
51.82	2,795	2,854	3,197 3,225
51.83 51.84	2,801 2,806	2,860 2,866	3,225
51.85	2,800	2,800	
51.86	2,812	2,872	3,282 3,310
51.87	2,818	2,885	3,338
51.88	2,830	2,891	3,366
51.89	2,836	2,898	3,395
51.90	2,842	2,904	3,423
51.91	2,848	2,910	3,451
51.92	2,854	2,917	3,480
51.93	2,860	2,923	3,508
51.94	2,866	2,929	3,537
51.95	2,872	2,936	3,566
51.96	2,878	2,942	3,595
51.97	2,884	2,948	3,623
51.98	2,890	2,955	3,652
51.99	2,896	2,961	3,681
52.00	2,902	2,967	3,710
52.01	2,908	2,973	3,739
52.02	2,914	2,980	3,768
52.03	2,920	2,986	3,797
52.04	2,926	2,992	3,827
52.05	2,932	2,998	3,856
52.06	2,938	3,004	3,885
52.07	2,944	3,010	3,915
52.08	2,950	3,016	3,944

#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond B2: Water Qaulity Basin (continued)

	Curfees	\\/attad	Ctowners
Elevation	Surface	Wetted	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
52.09 52.10	2,956	3,022 3,028	3,974 4,003
52.10	2,962 2,968	3,028	4,003
52.11	2,908	3,041	4,033
52.12	2,980	3,047	4,003
52.13	2,980	3,053	4,092
52.14	2,980	3,059	4,122
52.16	2,998	3,065	4,182
52.10	3,004	3,071	4,212
52.18	3,010	3,077	4,242
52.19	3,016	3,084	4,272
52.20	3,022	3,090	4,303
52.21	3,028	3,096	4,333
52.22	3,034	3,102	4,363
52.23	3,040	3,108	4,393
52.24	3,046	3,115	4,424
52.25	3,053	3,121	4,454
52.26	3,059	3,127	4,485
52.27	3,065	3,133	4,516
52.28	3,071	3,139	4,546
52.29	3,077	3,146	4,577
52.30	3,083	3,152	4,608
52.31	3,089	3,158	4,639
52.32	3,095	3,164	4,670
52.33	3,102	3,171	4,701
52.34	3,108	3,177	4,732
52.35	3,114	3,183	4,763
52.36	3,120	3,189	4,794
52.37	3,126	3,196	4,825
52.38	3,132	3,202	4,856
52.39	3,139	3,208	4,888
52.40	3,145	3,214	4,919
52.41	3,151	3,221	4,951
52.42	3,157	3,227	4,982
52.43	3,163	3,233	5,014
52.44	3,170	3,240	5,045
52.45	3,176	3,246	5,077
52.46	3,182	3,252	5,109
52.47	3,188	3,259	5,141
52.48	3,195	3,265	5,173
52.49	3,201	3,271	5,205
52.50	3,207	3,278	5,237

# APPENDIX D SUBSURFACE STORMWATER INVESTIGATION RESULTS





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**April 29, 2020** File No. 22230-000

**STONEFIELD ENGINEERING & DESIGN, LLC** 15 Spring Street Princeton, New Jersey 08542

Attention: Mr. Paul Mutch PE Project Manager

**REGARDING: REPORT OF STORMWATER MANAGEMENT INVESTIGATION** Proposed Dollar General Retail Store Development 1823 US-206 Block 1823; Lot 14 Southampton Township, Burlington County, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Mutch:

JZN Engineering, PC. (JZN) is pleased to submit this letter report summarizing the results of our stormwater management investigation in support of the proposed Dollar General Development to be located at 1823 US-206 in the Southampton Township, Burlington County, New Jersey. This work was undertaken in accordance with our March 31, 2020 proposal and your authorization on April 13, 2020.

#### SCOPE OF WORK

Our scope of work included the following:

- > Review available published regional area groundwater and subsurface conditions geological data;
- > Prepare a program of subsurface explorations consisting of five (5) soil profile pit explorations;
- > Perform laboratory soil permeability tests on the tubes collected from the field investigation; and
- Prepare this letter report.

#### **PROJECT BACKGROUND**

This report was prepared based on the information provided to us including at February 20, 2020 *Concept D* plan set prepared by Stonefield Engineering.

At the time of our field investigation, the soil profile pits were excavated within a majority wooded lot. The site is bounded by a single story warehouse commercial development to the north; U.S. Route 206 to



the east; a town post office and storage yard to the south; and Red Lion Road to the west. The location of the project site is shown on the *Project Locus Map* included as Figure 1 in this report.

We understand that the proposed Dollar General development will include the construction of a 9,100 square foot one-story retail building with associated parking lot area, trash enclosure, new utilities, and a stormwater management system. The southern portion of the property will not be developed.

#### **REPORT DATUM**

Topographic information was not available at the time of this report. Once a site reference benchmark is provided the ground surface elevation at the boring locations can be estimated, or alternatively they can be surveyed by a licensed land surveyor. All depths in the report are referenced from the existing ground surface at the time of our field investigation.

#### STORMWATER INVESTIGATION

#### **Geology Review**

<u>Regional Geology</u>: The subject site is situated within the Atlantic Coastal Plain Physiographic Province of New Jersey. Specifically, the site is underlain by the Tertiary Aged, Lower member of the Kirkwood Formation. Specifically, the Lower member of the Kirkwood Formation consists of light yellow to white, massive to thick bedded, fine to medium grained sands interbedded with clay. Locally, areas encountered in near-surface beds are very micaceous and extensively stained by iron oxides. The thick bedded strata commonly consists of interbedded fine grained, micaceous sand and gravelly, coarse to fine grained sand.

<u>Surficial Soil Survey Review</u>: The Soil Survey of Atlantic County maps two types of soils within the area where the soil profile pits were excavated. The two soil types consist of:

- Jade Run fine sandy loam (JdrA): This type of soil typically slopes between zero (0) and two (2) percent. A typical profile is described below:
  - $\circ$  Ap Zero (0) to 11 inches: Fine sandy loam
  - $\circ$  Bg1 11 to 19 inches: Very fine sandy loam
  - $\circ$  Bg2 19 to 23 inches: Very fine sandy loam
  - $\circ$  Bg3 23 to 28 inches: Very fine sandy loam
  - $\circ$  Bg4 28 to 35 inches: Very fine sandy loam
  - $\circ$  BCg 35 to 52 inches: Very fine sandy loam
  - $\circ$  2Cg 52 to 65 inches: Sand
  - $\circ$  2C 65 to 80 inches: Sand



- Galloway sand (GahB): This type of soil typically slopes between zero (0) and five (5) percent. A typical profile is described below:
  - $\circ$  Ap Zero (0) to 10 inches: Sand
  - $\circ$  AC 10 to 20 inches: Sand
  - $\circ$  C1 20 to 32 inches: Sand
  - $\circ$  C2 32 to 60 inches: Sand

The subject site is shown on the Soil Survey Map attached as Figure 3.

#### **Field Investigation**

Field exploration for this project was conducted by means of excavating five (5) soil profile pits (identified as SPP-1 through SPP-5) which were excavated using a rubber tire backhoe. The soil profile pits were excavated to depths of between 6.5 feet and 12 feet below the existing ground surface. The locations of the soil profile pits are shown on the accompanying *Soil Profile Pit Location Plan* included as Figure 2, and records of the soil profile exploration logs are provided in Appendix A.

The field exploration was planned and logged by a representative of JZN Engineering. The soil profile pit explorations were located in the field by a representative of JZN using normal taping procedures and estimated right angles from existing site features and are presumed to be accurate within a few feet. The soil profile pit explorations were excavated using a rubber tire backhoe operated by Pennyweight & Co. of Eatontown, New Jersey in the presence of a JZN representative on April 22, 2020. All soil profile pit explorations were backfilled to the surface with soil cuttings generated from the investigation.

In general, the methods used in determining the seasonal high groundwater level consist of evaluating the soil morphology within a test excavation and identifying irregular spots or blotches of different colors or minerals unlike that of the surrounding soil (mottles). Mottling in soil may indicate poor aeration and impeded drainage or also can be the result of natural variable mineralogy and geological processes.

#### **Discussion of Subsurface Conditions Encountered**

*Surface Cover (USDA - S):* Approximately 0.8 feet to 1.3 feet of topsoil consisting of sand with varying amounts of roots, leaves, and occasional debris was encountered at each soil profile pit location.

Stratum I – Coastal Deposits (USDA – LS, L, S, SIC): Underlying the surface cover materials, various soil materials generally consisting of Loamy Sand, Loam, and Sand were encountered and extended to depths of up to 9 feet below the existing ground surface. Soil profile pits SPP-1 through SPP-4 were terminated



in this layer due to cave-in caused by groundwater table. Within soil profile pit SPP-5, silty clay was observed extending from a depth of nine (9) feet and extended to the soil profile pit termination depth of 12 feet below ground surface elevation.

Groundwater conditions were encountered within each soil profile pit exploration at depths ranging between five (5) feet and nine (9) feet below existing ground surface elevation. In addition, seasonal high groundwater is estimated to be between 3.5 feet and 4.1 feet below existing ground surface elevation based on observed mottling and soil coloring variations.

The soil profile pit exploration logs and related information depict subsurface conditions only at the specific exploration locations and at the particular time designated on the logs. Subsurface conditions at other locations may differ from conditions occurring at the soil exploration locations. Also, the passage of time may result in a change in the subsurface conditions at these soil exploration locations. Soil profile pit logs are included in Appendix A. Soil profile pit exploration photos are included in Appendix B.

#### Laboratory Permeability Test Results

Two (2) soil sample tubes were recovered from each soil profile pit during our field investigation. Each sample was subjected to a tube permeameter test as detailed in "*Procedures for Permeability Testing*" under *Appendix E* of *The New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual* which meets the requirements of NJDEP's Stormwater Management Rules (*N.J.A.C. 7:8*). The results of these tests are included in Table 1 below.

	Table 1: Soil Profile Pit and Permeability Tests Summary										
			Percolation Test								
Soil Profile	<b>Tube Permeameter</b>			Pern	neability						
Pit #	Test No.	Test Depth (ft.)	Stratum	Class	Rate (in/hr.)						
SPP1	А	2.33	Loamy Sand	K2	1.16						
SPP1	В	2.33	Loamy Sand	K1	0.26						
SPP2	А	2.83	Sandy Loam	K0	0.18						
SPP2	В	2.83	Sandy Loam	K0	0.02						
SPP3	А	2.25	Sandy Loam	K0	0.04						
SPP3	В	2.25	Sandy Loam	K0	0.18						
SPP4	А	1.58	Sandy Loam	K1	0.28						
SPP4	В	1.58	Sandy Loam	K2	0.71						
SPP5	А	1.92 Sand K3 4.32									
SPP5	В	1.92	Sand	K4	7.10						

Notes: Permeability class based on September 2012 NJ Stormwater BMP Manual Appendix E



#### Hydrologic Soil Group

As noted, the surficial soil survey map included as Figure 3 mapped the site to consist of two soil groups: Jade Run fine sandy loam (JdrA), and Galloway sand (GahB). Based on this investigation, the Hydrologic Soil Group was determined based on the soil profile pits including the groundwater conditions, soil morphology, and permeability rates. Based on the NJ Stormwater BMP Manual and the NRCS Soil Survey, the Hydrologic Soil Group based on permeability rates are summarized in Table 2 below.

Table 2: Hydrologic Soil Group Based on Lowest Permeability Rate									
Soil Profile Pit #	Hydrologic Soil Group Based on NRCS Soil Survey	Preliminary Hydrologic Soil Group Based on NJ Stormwater BPM Manual							
SPP1	HSG A	HSG C							
SPP2	HSG A	HSG D							
SPP3	HSG A	HSG D							
SPP4	HSG B/D	HSG C							
SPP5	HSG B/D	HSG A							

#### LIMITATION

The recommendations contained in this report represent our best professional judgment based on available project data provided to us in the referenced documents. Variations in the types of structures and design grading may change from the criteria assumed in preparation of the report. JZN should be advised of changes in the design criteria so that an evaluation can be made to determine if design recommendations should be revised. Conditions may be encountered during construction that may vary from the conditions reported herein. Our work has been performed in accordance with current standards of practice for geotechnical engineering for buildings based on the available project data. No other warranty is made, either expressed or implied.

We appreciate the opportunity to assist you on this project. Please contact us if you wish to discuss this letter report or any aspect of the project.

Sincerely, **JZN ENGINEERING, PC.** 

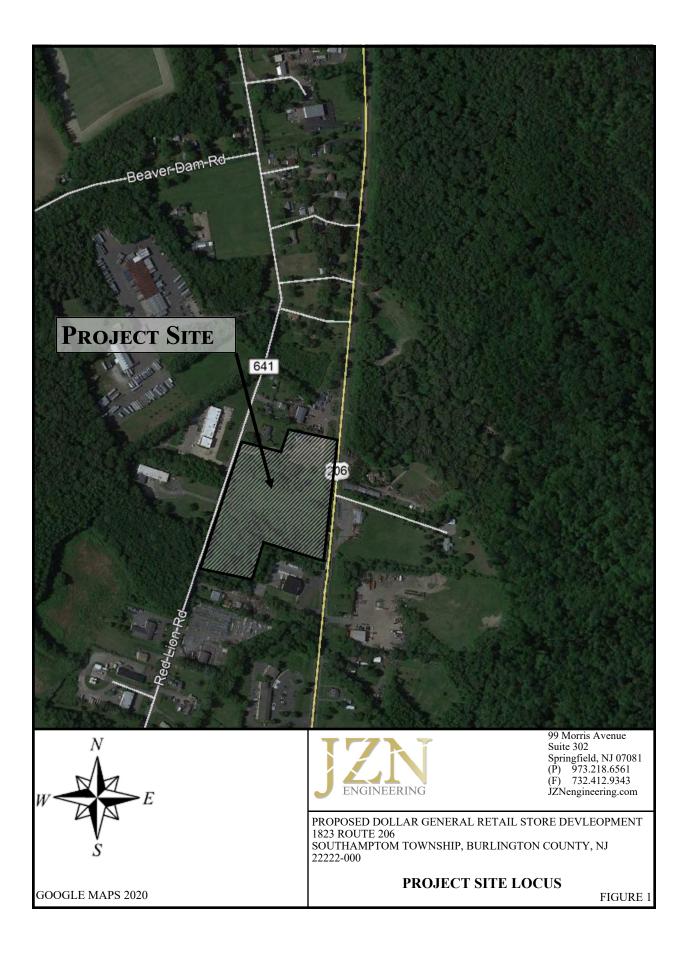
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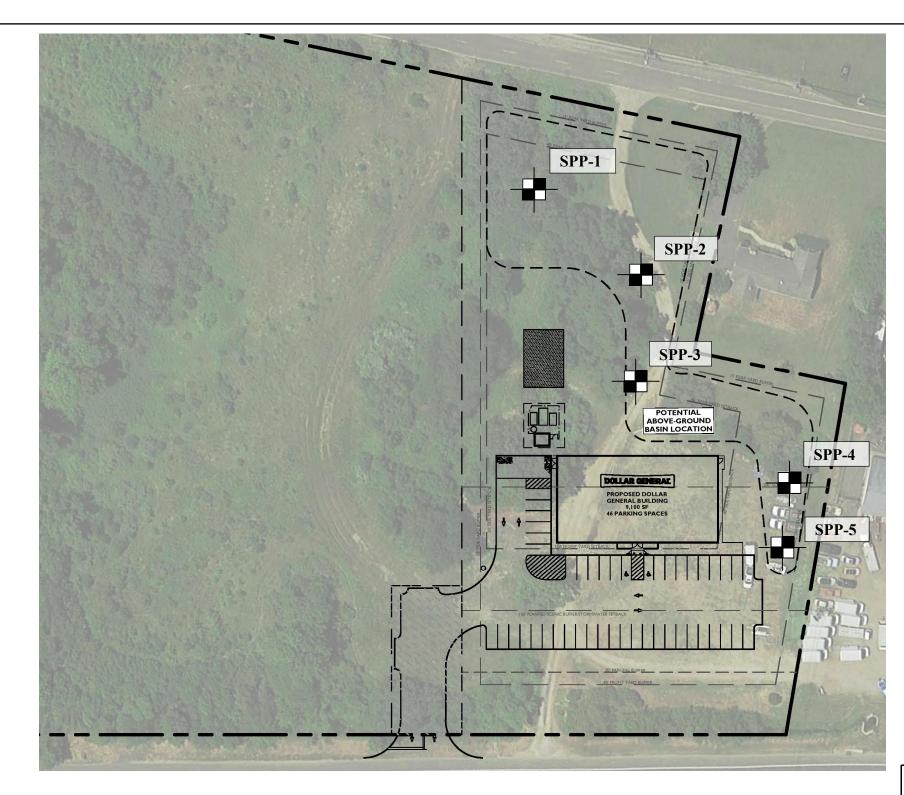
Nejm E. Jundi, P.E. President

Enclosures X:\2020\22222\_Stonefield\_Southampton\_NJ\000\Report\2020\_0429\_SWM\_Southampton\_NJ.docx

## FIGURES

- FIGURE 1: PROJECT SITE LOCUS
- FIGURE 2: SOIL PROFILE PIT LOCATION PLAN
- FIGURE 3: SOIL SURVEY MAP





**LEGEND** 

SPP-1: APPROXIMATE SOIL EXPLORATION TEST PIT LOCATION

<u>NOTES</u>

BASE PLAN OBTAINED FROM AN FEBRUARY 20, 2020 CONCEPT PLAN D PREPARED BY STONEFIELD ENGINEERING & DESIGN.

SOIL EXPLORATIONS WERE LOCATED IN THE FIELD BY A REPRESENTATIVE OF JZN ENGINEERING, PC. USING NORMAL TAPING PROCEDURES AND ESTIMATED RIGHT ANGLES FROM EXISTING SITE FEATURES AND ARE PRESUMED ACCURATE WITHIN FEW FEET.

THE SOIL PROFILE PITS WERE EXCAVATED BY PENNYWEIGHT CO. OF EATONTOWN, NEW JERSEY IN THE PRESENCE OF A JZN ENGINEER ON APRIL 22, 2020.

SOIL PROFILE PIT LOCATIONS WERE BACKFILLED TO THE SURFACE WITH SOIL CUTTINGS GENERATED FROM THE INVESTIGATION.



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PROPOSED DOLLAR GENERAL RETAIL STORE DEVELOPMENT 1823 ROUTE 206 SOUTHAMPTON, BURLINGTON COUNTY, NEW JERSEY 22222-000

SOIL PROFILE PITS LOCATION PLAN

SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

FIGURE 2



### Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
GahB	Galloway sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	4.5	43.9%
JdrA	Jade Run fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	5.8	56.1%
Totals for Area of Interest		10.3	100.0%

### MAP LEGEND

Area of Inte	araat (AOI)	-	Spoil Area
Area Or Inte	Area of Interest (AOI)	300	
Soils		٥	Stony Spot
30115	Soil Map Unit Polygons	00	Very Stony Spot
	Soil Map Unit Lines	\$	Wet Spot
	Soil Map Unit Points	$\triangle$	Other
Enocial I	Point Features		Special Line Features
Special r	Blowout	Water Feat	ures
_	Borrow Pit	$\sim$	Streams and Canals
8		Transporta	tion
×	Clay Spot	+++	Rails
$\diamond$	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways
X	Gravel Pit	~	US Routes
0 0 0	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads
0	Landfill	~	Local Roads
A.	Lava Flow	Backgroun	d
خله	Marsh or swamp	No.	Aerial Photography
~	Mine or Quarry		
0	Miscellaneous Water		
0	Perennial Water		
$\vee$	Rock Outcrop		
+	Saline Spot		
0 0 0 0	Sandy Spot		
-	Severely Eroded Spot		
0	Sinkhole		
≫	Slide or Slip		
ø	Sodic Spot		

#### <u>NOTES</u>

#### SOIL SURVEY MAP OBTAINED FROM UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE'S NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE (NRCS).



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PROPOSED DOLLAR GENERAL RETAIL STORE DEVELOPMENT 1823 ROUTE 206 SOUTHAMPTON TWNSHP, ATLANTIC COUNTY, NEW JERSEY 22230-000

#### SOIL SURVEY MAP

SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

FIGURE 3

## APPENDIX A

SOIL PROFILE PIT EXPLORATION LOGS (SPP-1 THROUGH SPP-5)

JZN	N Enginee	ering, PC.	SO	[L P]	RO	FIL	E PI	TI	.00	SPP :			,	1			
Project N Client	ame	Proposed Dollar Stonefield Engir			evelopm	nent					•	-	ber entative	Gue	22-000 evara/ Potenz niweight & 0		
Project L	ocation	1823 US-206; B	-	-							Opera		R. J. Raymond				
		Southampton To	wnship, Burli	ngton Cou	inty, Ne	ew Jerse	у				Date S	Started	l	4/22	2/2020		
SPP Locat		See Plan	Ground S	urface Ele	vation		Datun	1	Not Su	rveyed		Finishe		4/22	2/2020		
Weather C Excavation		Clear 51 °F		Mott	lina					Pott	<del>Wa</del> m of	I	vel Data	<u> </u>	Est. Season	nal	
Backho		Robber Tieres	✓ Yes	Depth (f		Eleva	ation (ft)	Date	Time	SPF		Water	(ft) Cave Ir	n (ft)	High	lai	
Excava	tor	Track	Fro	om	4.0	From		4/22/20	11:00		.0	7.4	7.4				
Hand E	Excavated		No To	-	4.3	То						<u> </u>					
Depth (ft)	Sample Elevation Depth (ft)	Number	Stratum Change	USCS Symbol			Visu	al Class	ification	l				Ren	arks		
- 0	0- 1.2 ft	S-1		Topsoil	TS: 7		/2 Brown S dry loose so		0		cky stru	cture;	То	psoil v	vith roots		
	1.2- 4.0 ft	S-2		LS			ight grey L clar blocky co		e; moist f								
	4.0- 4.3 ft	S-3		LS	7.5 YR 6/3 Light brown LOAMY SAND; weak angular blocky							(Percl	hed wa	ater at 4.6 ft)			
_ 5 _					structure; wet sticky soil; 0% coarse fragment; distinct mottling encountered in this sample												
	4.3- 9.0 ft	S-4		S	6LEY 1 7/N Light grey SAND; single grained granular structure; wet nonsticky soil; 10% coarse fragment												
<u> </u>					Soil		Pit SPP-1 To Existing G				-	Feet					
— 15 —																	
20 25																	
Summary	Overburd	len (Linear ft)	9.0	'	Rock I	Depth (ft)	1						Number of	Samp	les 4	ł	

JZN	N Engine	ering, PC.	S	DI	L Pl	RC	FIL	E PI	E PIT LOG SPP Project Num							SPP		
Project N Client	ame	Proposed Doll Stonefield Eng	gineering & I	Desig	gn, LLC.	velop	ment					-	Repres	iber sentativ	e Gu	222-000 evara/ Po nniweight		
Project L	ocation	1823 US-206;										Opera		R. J. Raymon				
SPP Locat	ion	Southampton <sup>7</sup> See Plan	_		gton Cou Irface Elev	-		y Datum		Not Su	ryayad		Started Finishe			2/2020		
Weather C		Clear 51 °F	Groui	ia Su		vation		Datun	I	Not Su	lveyeu			u vel Data	4/2	.2/2020		
Excavation	n				Mott				Date	Time		om of		(ft) Cav	e In (ft)	Est. Se		
✓ Backho Excava		Robber Tieres Track	✓ Yes	Fror	Depth (f	t) 1.3	Elev From	ation (ft) 	4/22/20		SPP 9	(ft) .0	7.0		7.0	Hi;		
	Excavated	TTUCK	No	То		4.8	То		17 227 20	11.20	,	.0	7.0		7.0			
Depth (ft)	Sample Elevation Depth (ft	Number	Stratur Chang		USCS Symbol			Visu	al Class	ification	l				Rei	narks		
— 0 —	0- 1.3 ft	S-1			Topsoil	TS: 7	7.5 YR 4/2	Brown SA		-	-	ocky str	ucture;	-		with fill; o plastic deb		
	1.3- 4.8 f	t S-2			SL	suba	ngular blo	7/N Light grey SANDY LOAM; weak to moderate blocky structure; moist friable to firm soil; 2% coarse t; few tan mottling encountered throughout sample						(P	Perched	Water at 4	8')	
5	4.8- 9.0 f	t S-3			S	6LEY 1 7/N Light grey SAND; single grained granular structure; wet nonsticky soil; 20% coarse fragment										,		
<u> </u>						So	il Profile Pit SPP-2 Terminated at Approximately 9.0 Feet Below Existing Ground Surface Due to Cave-In											
— 15 — — 20 —																		
— 25 — Summary	Overburg	den (Linear ft)		9.0'		Rock	Depth (ft							Number	ofSam	ples	3	

JZN	N Enginee	ring, PC.	SO	II. PI	ROF	ILE P	гт т	00	۲ ۲		SPP N	No.	SPP-3 Page 1 of 1			
0111									J	D	- 4 NT 1				1	
	_									•	ct Numb			2-000		
Project N	-	Proposed Dolla			velopmen						Represe	entative		/ara/ Potenza		
Client		Stonefield Engi	-	-						Contr	actor					
Project L	ocation	1823 US-206; I	Block 1823; Lo	ot 14						Opera	ator	R. J. Raymond				
		Southampton T	ownship, Burli	ngton Cou	nty, New	Jersey				Date S	Started		4/22/	2020		
SPP Locat	tion	See Plan	Ground S	urface Elev	vation	Datu	n	Not Su	rveyed	Date 1	Finished	l	4/22/	/2020		
Weather (	Condition	Clear 51 °F								Wa	ater Leve	l Data				
Excavation	n			Mott	ling		Date	Time	Botto	om of	Water (f	t) Cave In	(ft)	Est. Seasonal	al	
Backho		Robber Tieres	✓ Yes	Depth (f		Elevation (ft)			SPP	(ft)			(11)	High		
Excava		Track	Fre			om	4/22/20	10:00	6	.5	5.0	6.5				
Hand E	Excavated		No To		3.9 To											
Depth	Sample	, Sample	Stratum	USCS												
(ft)	Elevation/	Number	Change	Symbol		Visu	al Class	ification	1				Rema	arks		
	Depth (ft)															
0 —					TC: 75	YR 4/6 Strong b	rown CA	ND: wa	al aubor	oulor b	loolar		Tops	-		
	0- 1.2 ft	S-1		Topsoil	15: 7.5	structure; dry lo				-	лоску		Tops	5011		
						structure, dry to	050 5011,	270 COal	se magn	lient						
	1.2- 3.6 ft	S-2		SL		1 7/N Light grey				0						
					bloc	cy structure; mo	st friable	e so11; 0%	o coarse	rragme	nt					
												(Percl	hed wa	ater at 3.6')		
	3.6- 3.9 ft	S-3		S		3 Light brown S										
					moist loose soil; 2% coarse fragment; distinct mottling											
_ 5 _	3.9- 6.5 ft	S-4		S	encountered in this sample											
	3.9- 0.3 II	5-4		3	6LEY 1 7/N Light grey SAND; single grained granular structure;											
					moist loose to wet nonsticky soil; 20% coarse fragment											
					Soil Pr	ofile Pit SPP-3 T	erminate	d at App	oroximat	ely 6.5	Feet					
						Below Existing C										
					Sec.2.		1 4	NEW	的名词用	1.33	The second second					
					Carl Carl	A MAKA	12-11	Tan !!	1 4 6		A.					
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<u> </u>							R. W.	C.A.			F. Carl					
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									P	14.40	2					
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<u> </u>						A-Shan			at a		at the second					
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						Section 1		12.3	-		Con-					
20								X		See. 2	0					
					1.10 - 12	Server 1		Flix								
					CALL!			144		ACC I	13					
							S.E.A.	Mark 1	COMPS?	A.	1. 1. 1.					
25																
Summary	Overburd	en (Linear ft)	6.5		Rock Dep	th (ft)			_		N	Number of S	Sample	es 4		

JZN	N Enginee	ering, PC.	SO	IL PI	ROFII	LE PI	TI	200	r	SPP N	No.	Pag	SPP-4 Page 1 of 1		
Project N	ame	Proposed Dolla	ur General Reta							•	et Numl Represe	oer entative	222	22-000 vara/ Potenza	
Client		Stonefield Eng			1					Contr	-		niweight & Co	0.	
Project L	ocation	1823 US-206;	Block 1823; Lo	ot 14						Opera	ntor		-	. Raymond	
-		Southampton 7	ownship, Burli	ington Cou	nty, New Jerse	ey				Date S	Started		4/22	2/2020	
SPP Locat	tion	See Plan	Ground S	Surface Elev	vation	Datun	1	Not Su	rveyed	Date I	Finished	l	4/22	2/2020	
Weather C	Condition	Clear 51 °F				<b>I</b>				Wa	ter Leve	el Data			
Excavation				Mott			Date	Time	Botto		Water (1	ft) Cave In	(ft)	Est. Seasonal	l
Backho		Robber Tieres	Yes	Depth (f		ation (ft)			SPP					High	
Excava		Track	✓ No To	om	From To		4/22/20	10:30	9.	.0	7.0	7.0			
	Excavated Sample		<u>v</u> No 10	,	10						L				
Depth (ft)	Elevation	Number	Stratum Change	USCS Symbol		Visu	al Class	ification	l				Rem	arks	
	Depth (ft	)		-											
- 0	0- 0.8 ft	S-1		Topsoil	TS: 7.5 YR 4/2	2 Brown SA dry loose so				ocky str	ucture;		Тор	osoil	
	0.8- 3.9 fi	t S-2		SL	7.5 YR 5/6 Strong brown SANDY LOAM; single grained to weak granular to subangular blocky structure; moist loose to very friable soil; 0% coarse fragment							(Perch	ned wa	tter at 3.7 ft)	
5	3.9- 7.0 f	t S-3		SL	6LEY 1 7/N Grey SANDY LOAM; moderate angular blocky structure; moist friable to firm soil; 0% coarse fragments										
	7.0- 9.0 f	t S-4		S	6LEY 1 7/N Grey SAND; single grained granular structure; wet nonsticky soil; 20% coarse fragments										
— 10 —					Soil Profile Belov	Pit SPP-4 To / Existing G				-	Feet				
— 15 — — 20 —															
25 Summary	Overburg	len (Linear ft)	9.0	)'	Rock Depth (ft	)					ľ	Number of	Sampl	es 4	

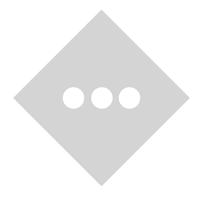
JZN	N Enginee	ering, PC.	SO	IL PI	<b>ROFILE PIT LOG</b>								P No. SPP Page 1 of				
Project N	ame	Proposed Dolla	General Retai	il Store De						Field 1	ct Numb Represe		22222-0 Guevara	00 / Potenza			
Client		Stonefield Engi 1823 US-206; H	-	-						Contr			-	eight & Co.			
Project L	ocation	Southampton T			ntv. New Ierse	N/				Opera Date S	ttor Started		R. J. Ray				
SPP Locat	ion	See Plan	-	Surface Elev	•	Datun	<u> </u>	Not Su	rveved		Finished	l	4/22/202				
Weather C		Clear 51 °F							5		ter Leve			-			
Excavation				Mott			Date	Time		om of	Water (f	t) Cave In	(ft) Est	t. Seasonal			
✓ Backho Excava		Robber Tieres Track	✓ Yes	Depth (f	t) Elev 3.6 From	ration (ft) 	4/22/20	8:50	SPF 12	2.0 (ft)	9.0	3.0		High 			
	Excavated	Truck	No To		3.8 To			0.50			7.0	210					
Depth (ft)	Sample Elevation Depth (ft	Number	Stratum Change	USCS Symbol		Visu	al Class	sification	1				Remarks				
_ 0 _	- <b>·F</b> ··· (··	,															
	0- 0.8 ft	S-1		Topsoil	TS: 7.5 YR 4/2 moist lo	2 Brown SA ose to very f			•	•			Topsoil				
	0.8- 3.6 fi	t S-2		S	7.5 YR 7/8 structure	Reddish yel ; dry to mois			0	0		(Percl	ned water	ar 3.3')			
	3.6- 3.8 f	t S-3		S	6LEY 1 4/N Dark grey SAND; single grained granular structure;												
_ 5 _	3.8- 8.0 ft	t S-4		S	<ul> <li>moist loose soil; 0% coarse fragments; distinct mottling encountered in this sample</li> <li>6LEY 1 7/N Light grey SAND; single grained to weak granular structure; moist friable soil; 0% coarse fragments</li> </ul>												
					6LEY 1 7/N	Light grey	SAND a	nd GRA	VEL; si	ngle gra	uned						
	8.0- 9.0 ft	t S-5		S-GR		e; wet nonst											
<u> </u>	9.0- 12.0 f	ît S-6		SIC	6LEY 1 4/N V	Dark grey S very plastic s					; wet						
					Soil Profile F	Feet											
Summary	Overburg	len (Linear ft)	12.	D'	Rock Depth (ft	)					N	Number of S	Samples	6			

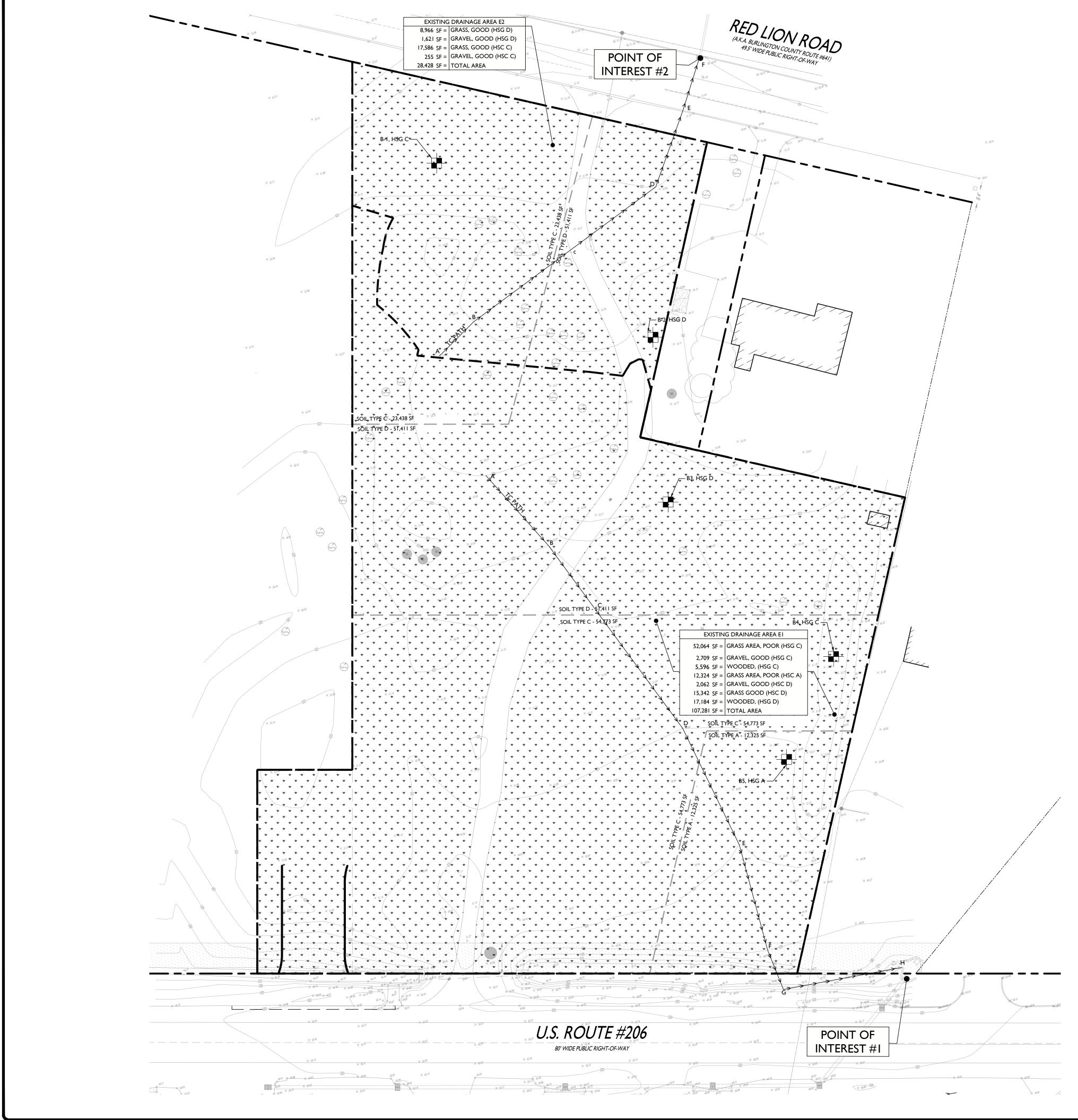
# APPENDIX E DRAINAGE AREA MAPS

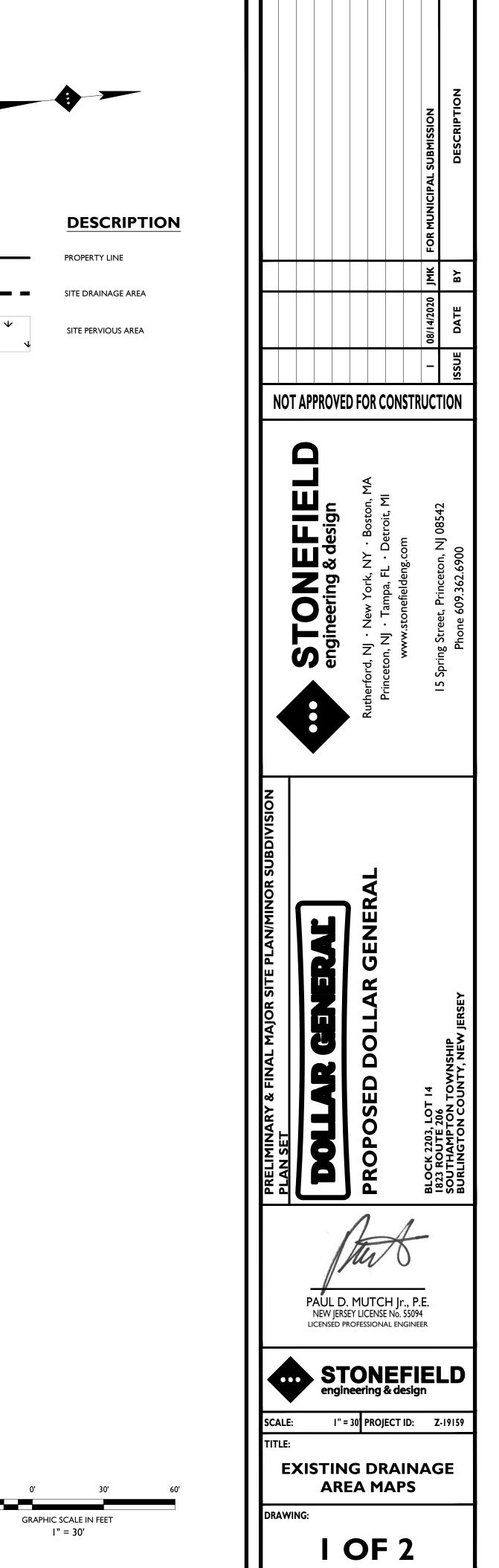
**INVENTORY** 

EXISTING DRAINAGE AREA MAP

**P**ROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA MAP

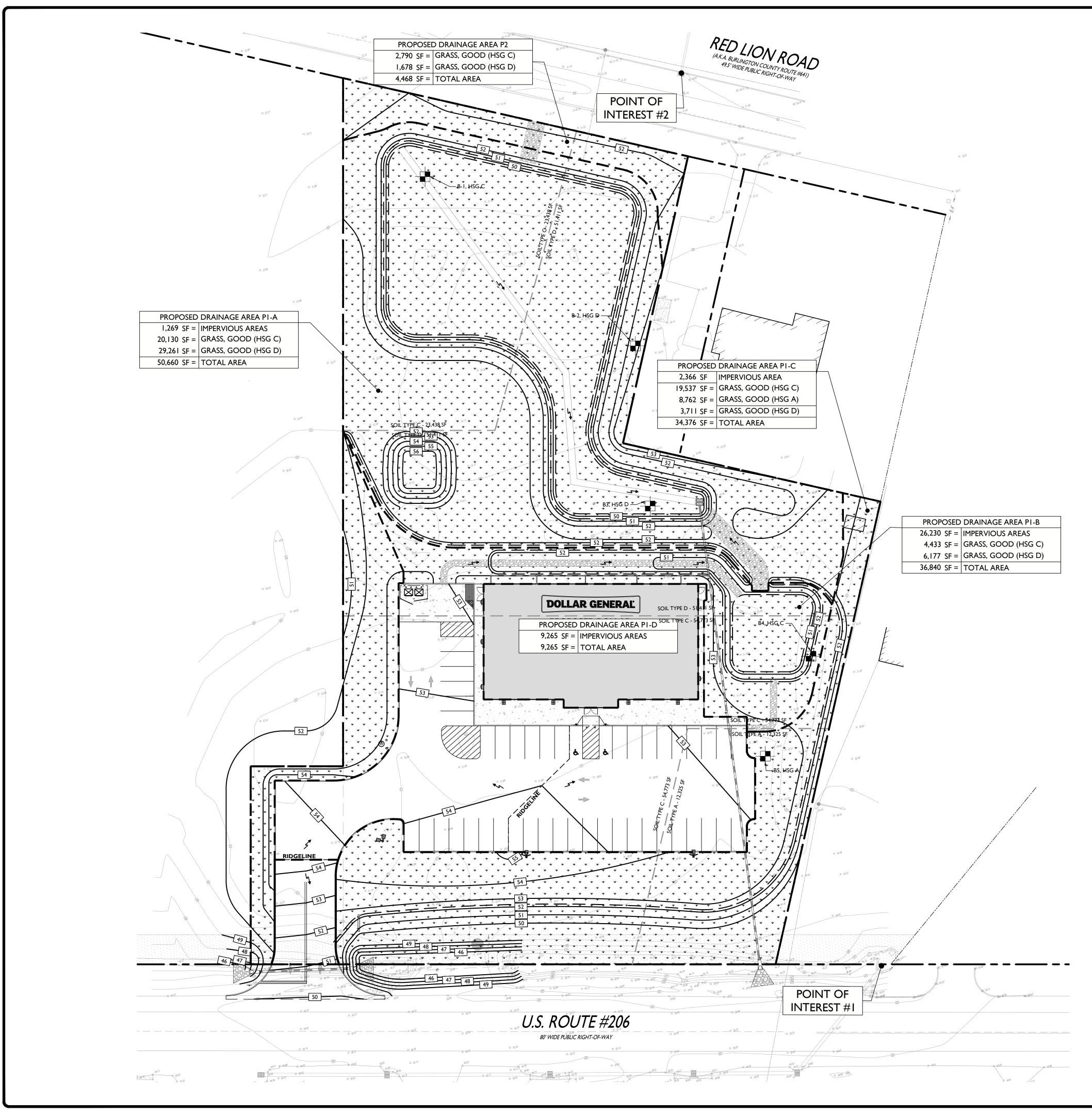






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RINCETONIZ/2019/Z-19159 D&L DEVELOPMENT - 1823 ROUTE 206, SOUTHAMPTON, NJ/CADD/PLOT/LDP-06-STRIV

